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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

# THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXXV.—NO. 139 WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, MARCH 5, 1905. WHOLE NO. 11,706

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## The Morning Star.

### OUTLINES.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis, in a letter, replies to Gen. Miles' statement that she wrote him a letter thanking him for kind treatment of her husband. —— President Roosevelt was inaugurated at Washington yesterday under brilliant auspices and Senator Fairbanks was sworn in as Vice President; the inaugural parade was a magnificent pageant. —— The Fifty-eighth Congress completed its term yesterday, after having made appropriations of $818,000,000, against $781, 00,000 last year. —— The Florida, Ga., bank was blown up and robbed of $4,000 Friday night. —— New York markets: Money on call nominal; no loans; time loans firm; cotton quiet at 7.85; flour was steady, but quiet; wheat—spot steady. No 2 red $1 21 f. o. b. afloat; corn, spot firm, No. 2 white 53c; oats, spot steady; rosin steady; strained, common to good, $2.9 @2.95; spirits turpentine firm at 5 .@54c.

### WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Mar. 4.

Meteorological data for the twenty four hours ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 58; 8 P. M., 66; degrees; maximum, 78 degrees; minimum 48 degrees; mean 60 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 rainfall since first of the month to date, .00 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A.M. to-day (Saturday) 10.5 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—For North Carolina: Fair; colder Sunday; Monday partly cloudy; probably rain in west portion; fresh northeast winds.

### Port Almanac—March 5,

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 6 26 A. M. |
| Sun Sets | 5 59 P. M. |
| Day's Length | 11 H. 33 M. |
| High Water at Southport | 8.07 P. M. |
| High Water at Wilmington | 10.37 P. M. |

Governor Vardaman, of Mississippi, has prevented so many lynchings that even his critics ought to be willing to give him a little more rope.

If you want to know how old an editor is watch whether he gets mad or not about Dr. Osler's joke about chloroforming back numbers 60 years old.

A fashion magazine says fabrics in small checks are the style in women's dress goods. Easter hats, however, will continue to call for large checks.

New Orleans had a $5,000,000 fire last Sunday morning. We are prepared to believe that Atlanta thinks it a burning shame that she can't keep up with the procession.

If the Senators and Representatives are susceptible of criticism, they will think it is a shame to take the mileage money after having ridden to and from Washington on passes.

We don't want to do President Roosevelt an injustice, but his inaugural address impresses us that he has been inaugurated to administer the affairs of the whole American continent.

The decision of the International Commission which investigated the North Sea incident leads one to wonder if arbitration really arbitrates. It appears to have considered soft solder more necessary than justice.

A Boston woman has invented a machine which automatically thrashes her husband when he is backed up to it. It is a safe wager that the old man would rather be machine whipped than undergo the old method at the hands of his irate loved one.

Several educational institutions have conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws upon President Roosevelt. The people are willing for him to doctor the anti-trust laws, but the way he has started out to practice on the Monroe Doctrine indicates that he lacks a degree of caution.

During the Presidential campaign the Democrats vociferated from the hus ings that President Roosevelt was not safe. Now that the Democrats "constructively" agree that he is safe, the Republicans believe that the Democrats were telling the truth during the campaign.

"We want peace with justice," says President Roosevelt in his inaugural address. Which, interpreted, means that we must have a big navy to teach other nations a proper sense of justice towards us. Nothing like being in a position to enforce the kind of justice we take it into our heads to demand.

On pleasant days there is no better place to spend an hour or two than the beach. The 10 o'clock car lays over in the beach an hour and three quarters. The 3 o'clock car lays over an hour and one quarter. †

STAR readers are especially invited to call and take a look over our New Store opposite the post office. Doors open for business to-morrow, Monday, morning. The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

Just received yesterday by express 12 dozen newest style Turn-over collars, worth 25c each; special to-morrow 15c at Rehder's. †

Drink Apricot Brandy, a great appetizer. Ask John C. Boesch. †

### LOCAL DOTS.

—State Treasurer Lacy will speak to men at the Y. M. C. A. next Sunday afternoon.

—Negro smallpox patients were sent to the pest house from Brook's and Hutaff's allies yesterday by the health authorities.

—The Y. M. C. A. has arranged for a series of evangelical services here the first week in April by Rev. W. I. Herbert, of Columbia, S. C.

—Schooner "Allen Green," Capt. Rogers, arrived in port yesterday from New York with cargo of phosphate for shipment to interior points.

—The cotton market yesterday developed some strength, futures having closed ten points up. The New York spot market was quiet, at 7.85.

—The Delgado Cornet Band came in on a special surburban car yesterday afternoon and gave a concert on the Balcony of The Orton.

—Mrs. Foreman asks that the correction be made that H. R. Smith boarded at her house, 115 Market street. He formerly boarded there but had moved.

—Mr. Douglas Leftwich, who recently appeared here with such eminent satisfaction, will give an entertainment in the Fayetteville opera house Tuesday night of this week.

—General Carl A. Woodruff, of Raleigh, and Inspector General T. H. Bain, of Goldsboro, will arrive in the city Tuesday to hold the annual inspection of the W. L. I. that night.

—An open air meeting was held by the Salvation Army corps at Front and Princess streets early last night, a large crowd having been attracted by the singing and preaching.

—In the Mayor's court yesterday Jim Green, colored, charged with being drunk and down, was fined $10 and cost and J. C. Ammerson, a white man from the country, was let off with the costs for a first offence.

—J. D. Vann has purchased the famous La Morna and Freeman's brands of cigars. These are very popular brands and were formerly sold exclusively by Mr. N. B. Rankin. A fresh lot has been ordered and will be on sale the early part of this week.

—"The Southern" will be the name of the new building recently erected by Mr. M. J. Heyer at Front and Chesnut streets. Mr. W. A Dick, real estate agent, who has the renting of the offices in "The Southern" gives notice that the building will be ready for occupancy to-morrow morning.

—Mr. L. B. Pearce, No. 7 South Fourth street, is suffering with a severe attack of ivy poisoning. A few days ago he was in the woods and had occasion to cut down a tree to which a vine was clinging. In handling the vine he was severely poisoned about the hands and face, but is not in danger. He is being attended by Dr. S. E. Koonce.

—J. F. Cartwright, the young white man charged a few days ago with the larceny of $35 from the trunk of Conductor J. T. Rodgers, of the street car company, was given trial in Justice Fowler's court yesterday, but the evidence was insufficient and the defendant was discharged. Herbert McClammy Esq., appeared for the defendant and George L. Peschau Esq., for the prosecutor.

—Capt. E Piner, gateman at the A. C. L., late yesterday afternoon arrested two discharged soldiers from Fort Caswell—Chas K. Moore and a young man named Whitonburg. The latter had a ticket to Washington and Moore was apparently taking care of his companion in the waiting room, but the circumstances were such as to warrant their arrest and they were locked up for trial before the Mayor Monday.

### MR. THOS. JEFFERSON'S COMING.

**Distinguished Son of Distinguished Father to Play "Rip"—Here Wednesday.**

Press notices herald that the fashionable event of the season will be the appearance at the Academy here Wednesday night of Mr. Thomas Jefferson in his famous rendition of "Rip Van Winkle," Washington Irving's romance founded on the old legend of the Catskill mountains, supported by a first class company, among whom are such names as Miss Frances Meer, Frederick Malcolm, James Dolan, Miss Loretta Jefferson, grand daughter of the famous Joseph Jefferson and daughter of the star. The beauty of Mr. Jefferson's performance is his attention to detail and scenery. The Catskill mountains are faithfully portrayed and painted from sketches taken on the spot where the story of the old legend described and is praised for its artistic work. The sale of seats will commence at Plummer's Tuesday morning.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cars—To the Beach.
W. A. Dick—"The Southern."
Academy—"Rip Van Winkle."
F. E. Hashagen Co.—Duke's Mixture.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Wanted—Bids.
Rooms—For rent.
N. B. Rankin—For sale.
You—Can make money.
Wanted—Travelling salesmen.

Fifteen Thousand Dollars Worth of New Goods, just arrived, shown for the first time in our new store, opposite the post office. The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

"The Store That's Always Busy"—The C. W. Polvogt Co.—are now through moving. Doors open to the public to morrow, Monday, morning at 8 o'clock. Give us a call. †

Apricot Brandy, the staff of life. If you don't believe it ask Louis Cappa. †

## THE DOUBLE TRAGEDY

**Victims Prepared for Burial Yesterday After Coroner's Inquest During Morning.**

**HOUSE ORDERED CLOSED.**

**Mayor Issued Peremptory Notice to Gussie Grier—Young Smith's Uncle Arrives and Remains Will be Sent to Michigan—His Character.**

The coroner's jury of inquest, summoned by Dr. C. D. Bell to investigate the circumstances of the double tragedy on MacRae street Friday night, yesterday returned a verdict of murder and suicide in accordance with the published facts of the affair in these columns yesterday morning. The remains of the victims were turned over to Undertaker J. F. Woolvin, those of the woman having been buried at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Bellevue cemetery after brief funeral services at the grave by the Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., and the body of young Smith having been embalmed for shipment to his former home near Detroit, Mich.

The bodies of the man and woman were removed from the hospital early yesterday morning to Woolvin's undertaking rooms, on Third steet, where hundreds of curious people called during the day. The jury of inquest summoned by Dr. Bell consisted of Messrs. Julius Sternberger (foreman), W. H. Northrop, Jr., (secretary), W. E. Watson, W. L. Barkheimer, W. H. Lamb and John Capps. They met at 10 o'clock at the City Hall and after viewing the bodies at Woolvin's, the evidence of Gussie Grier, proprietress of the house in which the shooting took place, and Mr. Learry, the friend of Smith who was in the room when the shooting took place, was heard. The verdict was merely that Stella Campbell came to her death as the result gun shot wounds inflicted at the hands of Smith and that Smith came to his death by his own hand. The evidence of Gussie Grier and Mr. Learry brought out nothing new from what was contained in the account of the tragedy yesterday morning. Mr. Learry, who had been detained as a witness merely, was discharged from further service with the thanks of the jury for his frank, open statement of the affair.

Mr. L. H. Woodin, an uncle of the young man and one of the owners of the Home Art Co., of Norfolk, by whom Smith was employed, arrived in the city yesterday from Lumberton, N. C., in response to a telegram from Mr. Learry, notifying him of the tragedy. In an interview with a representative of the STAR Mr. Woodin said he was at a loss to know why a man of such sterling qualities should have committed such a rash act. He was one of the most trusted and efficient employes of the company. He had fine family connections; was an entered Apprentice of Ruth Lodge, No. 89, F. & A. M., of Norfolk, Va., to which Mr. Woodin also bolongs. He had an honorable discharge from the regular army, in which he served in both the Spanish-American and Philippine wars. Mr. Woodin states that it seems incredible that the young man should dissipate to the extent suggested by such a rash act. Mr. Woodin said that Smith had not heretofore dissipated or, if so, it was not known to the company, which would not tolerate such conduct upon the part of its employes or agents. He further said that young Smith enjoyed the confidences of his employers and had many friends in Norfolk, where he had resided for some time. The report that he was short in his accounts is entirely erroneous. Mr. Woodin is much distressed over the affair as is also Mr. Learry, the young man's companion.

The parents of young Smith were notified yesterday by Mr. Woodin and the remains will be sent home to Flint, Michigan, 60 miles from Detroit, probably on this afternoon's Seaboard train. The young man was the only son of an aged father and mother and he leaves besides them, a sister, a beautiful young girl of 17 years.

**House Ordered Closed.**

Soon after the coroner's inquest yesterday the Grier woman, in whose house the unfortunate affair occurred, was summoned before the Mayor, who issued peremptory orders that the house must be closed within 15 days and certainly not later than March 31st. The Mayor stated that unless the house is closed in obedience to the order he would be compelled to pray the suspended judgments in the Superior Court for selling beer without license and conducting a disorderly house, the cases having been tried several terms ago. The woman protested that such unfortunate occurrences were likely to occur anywhere and that she had an investment of over $5,000 in the house and furniture, but it was to no avail; the Mayor stated that the house would be closed. It was furthermore ordered that a policeman be stationed at the door of the house and that no one be permitted to enter the house until the order to close is obeyed.

"To Hell and Back" will be the subject of Pilgrim Frank Draper, of The Watch Tower Bible and Tract Society, of Allegheny, Pa., at the I. O. O. F. building to-day at 3:30 P. M. The public is invited. No collections. Preaching at 8 P. M. †

Now for business! A new start in a new store with a big stock of new goods—everything new. Doors open to morrow, Monday, morning. The C. W. Polvogt Co., 123-125 North Front street. †

## COURTS OF FIFTH DISTRICT.

**New Act Regulating Time and Length of Terms Received Yesterday—The Arrangement.**

Copies of the bill to fix and regulate the time for holding the Superior Courts for the Fifth Judicial District, as it passed both branches of the General Assembly on Thursday, were received in the city yesterday. It changes the entire scheme of terms and while it is not exactly what the Wilmington bar desired, it is considered an improvement over the old schedule. New Hanover is given 13 instead of 12 weeks of court a year and the criminal and civil terms are divided, four terms, two of two weeks, and two of one week being given to criminal cases and four terms, three of two weeks and one of one week being set apart for the trial of civil suits. The terms for the several counties in the district reduced to calendar dates are as follows:

New Hanover—Criminal, April 3rd, one week; July 24th, two weeks; September 25th, one week; January 22, two weeks. Civil—April 10th, two weeks; May 29th, two weeks; October 2nd, two weeks; December 4th, one week.

Pender—Jan. 14th, one week; March 27th, one week; Sept. 11th, two weeks.

Duplin—Feb 20th, two weeks; Aug. 28th, two weeks; Nov. 20th, two weeks.

Sampson—Feb. 6th, two weeks, May 1st, two weeks; Aug. 7th, two weeks; Oct. 23rd, two weeks.

Lenoir—Jan. 2nd, one week; March 13th, two weeks; May 22nd, one week; June 19th, two weeks; Aug. 21st, one week; Nov. 6th, two weeks; Dec. 11th, two weeks.

Onslow—March 6th, one week; Jan. 9th, one week; July 17th, one week; Oct. 16th, one week. Provided that the commissioners of the county may, in their discretion, and before drawing a jury, abolish the January and July terms or either of them, by giving the judge notice in writing that in their opinion the said terms are not necessary for the county.

The sections of the act as passed, relating to the returning of civil processes and other machinery of the courts under the new arrangement are as follows:

"Sec. 2. That Chapter 533 of the Public Laws of 1903, be and the same are hereby repealed, and all terms of the said courts within said districts, established under the said laws, are hereby abolished, and all processes, civil or criminal original mense or final, returnable under the present laws to any Superior Court after the ratification of the act, shall be returnable to the first term of the Superior Courts as established by this act, except that no criminal process shall be returnable to any term designated in this act for the trial of civil cases alone.

"Sec. 3. Civil processes may be returnable to and pleadings filed at all of the courts herein designated, motions in civil actions may be heard upon one notice at such criminal terms, and trials in civil actions, which do not require a jury, may be heard at such criminal terms by consent.

"Sec. 4. That no grand juries shall be drawn for the terms of court herein designated as being for the trial of civil cases exclusively, and the solicitor shall not be required to attend nor entitled to his certificate for attendance upon any exclusively civil terms, unless there are cases on the civil docket in which he officially appears."

### LADIES' GOLF TOURNEY.

**Interesting Handicap Match Yesterday Afternoon Resulted in a Tie.**

The ladies' handicap tournament on the links of the Cape Fear Golf Club yesterday afternoon was one of the most interesting events of its class this season. There were 16 entries in all while a large number of spectators watched the play on the green. The tournament was for handsome first and second prizes, offered by the president of the club, respectively, and the result of the contest was a tie between Mrs. Annie Northrop, playing without handicap, and Miss Frances Chadbourn, playing with a handicap of 25. Each scored 69 over the nine holes. The date has not yet been arranged for playing the match to break the tie.

After the tournament yesterday afternoon the ladies of the organization served tea in the club house on the grounds.

### CITY DIRECTORY FOR 1905-06.

**Hill Directory Company Has Solicitors Here for New Edition for Wilmington.**

Solicitors and canvassers arrived in the city Friday evening to begin work immediately gathering data for the 1905-1906 edition of the Wilmington Directory, published by the Hill Directory Company, of Richmond, Va. Mr. E. H. Miller is in charge of the work and he is assisted by Messrs. David M. Frankel and A. E. Miller. This week others will arrive and the work will be well under way by the 15th.

The new directory will be of the same substantial and complete character of the "books" previously issued by the company, which is a member of the Association of the American Directory Publishers. The typographical appearance will not be materially changed and the binding will be of the usual high class.

**Real Estate Transfers.**

Walter Sidbury and wife and Joseph McGuire to Laura Jennings, for $300, properly on east side of Seventh, 90 feet south of Nixon street, 25x75 feet in size. Samuel Bear, Jr., to W. M. Cumming and wife, for $500, two lots on east side of Ninth, 195 feet south of Wright street, 132x330 feet in size, and at southeast corner of Ninth and Wright street, 66x330 feet in size.

"To Hell and Back" will be the subject of Pilgrim Frank Draper, of The Watch Tower Bible and Tract Society, of Allegheny, Pa., at the I. O. O. F. building to-day at 3:30 P. M. The public is invited. No collections. Preaching at 8 P. M. †

## RUSH FOR THE END.

**Sessions of the General Assembly Continued Until Nearly Last Midnight.**

**A MULTITUDE OF BILLS.**

**McNinch Divorce Measure and Woodard Bucket Shop Law Run the Gauntlet. Revenue and Machinery Act. Other Proceedings.**

[Special Star Telegram.]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 4.—In the House this afternoon the bill to appropriate $30,000 to the A. & M. college for erecting a heating, light and power plant was defeated. The Senate amendment to the Woodard bucket-shop bill was concurred in and the bill was ordered enrolled for ratification.

Senator Eller's amendment is accepted by Mr. Woodard, the author of the bill, and adds to Section 7 the following: "That this act shall not be construed so as to apply to any person, firm, corporation or his or their agent engaged in the business of manufacturing or wholesale merchandising, in the purchase or sale of the necessary commodities required in the ordinary course of their business."

Bill appropriating $10,000 additional to the State Hospital at Morganton passed after a long wrangle.

The McNinch divorce bill came back to the House after amendment by the Senate, or rather after the adoption of a substitute in the Senate, going back to the Code of 1883, and requiring that the husband be guilty of repeated violations of the seventh commandment, and on motion of McNinch the House concurred in the amendment. An amendment by Dr. Morphew to allow divorce where either party contracts a venerial disease, was adopted so a conference committee will be necessary Monday before the bill can be ratified.

OTHER PROCEEDINGS.

The morning session of the House was consumed with a discussion of the school bill, which was read section by section and explained by Mr. Murphy, the author. An amendment by Power, reducing the amount for teachers' institutes from $7,500 to $5,000 and taking that amount from the University appropriation, was lost. An amendment by Biggs, making the holding of county teachers' institutes optional with the counties, was adopted. Section 15, appropriating $7,500 for holding five teachers' institutes of one month each, was finally stricken out. The bill passed final reading, 38 to 37. During the morning session a beautiful silver service was presented to Speaker Guion, through Mr. Erlsghause, of Pasquotank, and Mr. Murphy, of Rowan. The Speaker gracefully acknowledged the present, paying his respects to the minority members of the House, saying only party lines divided them and that he held them in the same high esteem he did the majority. Mr. Grant, in behalf of the minority, then sent forward a resolution of respect and esteem for the Speaker. Upon motion of Mr. Biggs, the majority by a rising vote thanked the minority for their tribute to the Speaker, and the resolution was ordered on the journal.

Mr. Murphy, of Rowan, sent forward and had placed on the journal a vigorous protest against the Ward bill. The following gentlemen also concurred in the protest: Pitt, Stokes, Turner, Lockhart, Woodard, of Wilson, Hasten, Chesson, Warburton, Humphries, Harrison, Murphy, Alley, Koonce, Sledge and Hall.

Among bills passed final reading in the House were: To appoint magistrates in Cumberland; to incorporate town of Godwin; to appropriate $100 to each county holding an agricultural fair.

Among bills which passed the Senate were: To amend charter of Rose Hill; to authorize Harnett to work convicts on roads; to change limits of Lumberton; to incorporate Southport and Northwestern railroad; to regulate stock law in Bladen; to incorporate Richlands, to issue bonds to settle South Dakota class of bonds; to establish police and fire commission in Charlotte; to include peanuts in law as to selling cotton at night; relative to challenges in capital cases (tabled by vote of 19 to 10.)

THE NIGHT SESSION.

The House was in session to-night until 11:30 and did considerable business. At the last minute Morphew's amendment to the Senate substitute for the McNinch divorce bill was withdrawn so that the bill could be ratified. This was an urgent insistence of the advocates of stringent divorce laws, as it was not believed there would be a quorum present Monday to act.

The House passed the bill to appropriate $5,000 for a school of technology at Spray, N. C. and tabled the Senate bill to pay solicitors salaries of $2,500. It also referred the Senate bill to appropriate $50,000 for the Jamestown Exposition, this being done rather than to do Virginia the discourtesy of tabling the bill. It tabled the bill to authorize the Governor to appoint some lawyer to annotate a new code. The House passed the bill to establish a State Normal at Elizabeth City. This was done out of courtesy to Ehringhause, the introducer, as there is no chance of its passing the Senate. The House ratified 313 bills just before adjournment, the bill to authorize New Hanover commissioners to issue $50,000 road bonds being among the number.

During the afternoon session of the Senate, may bills passed, among them: To incorporate Rocky Point; to prevent usury in New Hanover; to regulate fishing in the Cape Fear river; to repeal the law relating to shell fish in Brunswick. Some time was spent to committee of the whole considering the Revenue Act. An amendment was adopted providing that incomes listed be kept a secret and that newspapers be fined $50 for publishing such lists. The tax on theatres was changed from $300 to $150 in towns of less than 10,000 inhabitants. Section 53 was amended so that slot machines are prohibited except where the returns are fixed and certain. The Machinery and Revenue acts both passed final reading. The Winbourne bill to divide the State in two judicial circuits, as passed by the House, was tabled.

Crawford Shoes are made of the best leather and the styles are just as swell as $6.00 shoes. They are $3.50 and $4.00 at Rehder's. †

35c newest style Turn-over Collars; special for 15c at Rehder's to-morrow. Be early and choose the shade you want. †

### PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Miss Lucy Burkhimer is the guest of friends in South Washington.

—Capt. G. D. Pugh, of Florence, S. C., was here yesterday on railroad business.

—Dr. C. D. Bell left last night for a professional trip to Washington and Baltimore.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Phelps were here yesterday en route to Southport to visit Mrs. Phelps' parents.

—Mr. J. H. Rehder has gone North to purchase goods for his big department store on Fourth street.

—Mr. J. D. Orrell, of Cronly is in the city on a business trip and is shaking hands with friends here.

—Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Bagg, of Washington, arrived yesterday on a visit to relatives and friends in this city.

—Messrs. F. M. Pittman, of Kinston, and W. B. MacRae, of Fayetteville, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Miss Sarah Gardner, head milliner at J. H. Rehder & Co.'s, has gone North to select Spring styles of millinery.

—Friends of Esquire McEvans will be glad to know that he continues to improve from his recent attack of lagrippe.

—Col. O. P. Murdock, of New York, who spent the past Winter in the city as the guest of his friend, Capt E Piner, returned home on the New York steamer yesterday.

—That estimable young travelling man, Mr. W. R. Morrison, has resigned his position with the J. C. Stevenson Co., and is now travelling the territory from Richmond to Tampa for the Sulzberger-Oppenheimer Co., manufacturers of fine Havana cigars, Philadelphia, Pa.

—Early last night a sneak thief entered the rear of Mr. Roger Kingsbury's residence, No. 318 South Second street, and stole from the refrigerator two fine shad and a quantity of other provisions stored there for Sunday. Only a short time ago Mr. Kingsbury's residence was burglarized, a pair of trousers having been taken to the back porch and the pockets rifled.

—The Fayetteville Observer of yesterday afternoon announces the sudden death of Mr. R. H. Ledbetter, a highly esteemed citizen of Fayetteville, and the father of Mr. Landon Jones, formerly of this city. Mr. Ledbetter was on his way from the residence of his son, Mr. Carl Ledbetter, to the steam laundry, when he was seized with violent illness on the street. On reaching the laundry building, he was utterly prostrated, and passed away about 7 o'clock.

### A LIBRARY TEA.

**Opportunity Given the Public to Aid a Worthy Cause.**

(Communicated.)

The members of the North Carolina Sorosis will be at home to the public in their club room at the Odd Fellows' Building on next Thursday from 5 to 6 o'clock. No invitations will be issued other than through the papers, but it is hoped that a large number of people will drop in during these hours and see for themselves what has already been done.

An opportunity will be given each one to contribute to this work either through money or books, both of which will be gratefully received. The library has been patronized with increasing interest, showing a stronger demand for reading matter than many supposed to exist. Books are constantly called for which are not on the shelves and a generous donation of money is needed to supply this demand.

About a dozen books were added during February among them were two copies of The Clansman which is called for more frequently than any other book; also copies of The Prospector; The Mysterious Disappearance; In the Arena, Tarkington; My Lady of the North, Parish; and The Bell in the Fog, by Gertrude Atherton.

Two copies of The Marriage of William Ashe have been ordered and will be on the shelves as soon as published.

### PILOTAGE AGREEMENT.

**Special Committee Will Report Plan to Chamber of Commerce Monday.**

As the result of a final compromise of the business mens' and pilots' committees at the office of Messrs. Smith & Gilchrist last night, President J. A. Taylor has called a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce for Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock to receive the report of the special committee appointed at last Tuesday's meeting of that body. Nothing as to the plan that will be recommended is given out for publication.

**Bill as to Police Court.**

In the Senate proceedings of the Raleigh papers yesterday appeared notice of the passage of a bill by Mr. Empie, making it lawful to transfer, upon affidavit, cases of defendants charged with violating the city ordinances from the Mayor to any magistrate, as is now the case with transferring from one magistrate to another upon affidavit that the defendant cannot get justice before the magistrate before whom the trial is originally set. The bill was made to apply to cities and towns of the entire State but one after another county asked for exemption until finally a motion prevailed to make the change apply to New Hanover alone. The bill is construed to mean a fatal interference with the police power of the city and it will not pass the House.

The "Light House" for an oyster roast! Everything new. Electric lights. Obeerful open fires. Last car leaves Wrightsville at 10:30 P. M.; heated, closed cars. The 3 o'clock car from town comes back as far as the Light House at 4:30 P. M. to give you an opportunity to get an oyster roast as well as visit the the ocean. †

Cars to the Beach

EVERY HOUR FROM

9 A. M. to 5.00 P. M.

If Weather Is Pleasant Extra Cars at

2.30 and 3.30 P. M.

Also cars at

6.10, 7.30, 9.00 A. M. 10 00 P. M.

Visit the Light House.

### FOR "PYTHIAN BIG NIGHT."

**The Joint Committee of Arrangement Announces Programme for Delightful Occasion Thursday Evening.**

The joint committee of arrangements has completed the programme for the very elaborate celebration of "Pythian Big Night" by the four K. of P. lodes in the city on Thursday evening of this week in Castle Hall, third floor of the Murchison National Bank building. The meeting will be with Germania Lodge and officers of that lodge will preside. The exercises will open with the singing of the K. of P. opening ode, and then will follow the conferring of the first rank by a special team. A selection by the Pythian Quartette, composed of Messrs. A. S. Holden, W. C. VonGlahn, W. L. Williford and J. C. Stanley will follow and then the meeting will be addressed by Grand Chancellor William F. Robertson. Another selection by the Pythian Quartette will be rendered and State Deputy Grand Chancellor J. D. Nutt will give an exemplification of the secret work. Three-minute talks by members in attendance will be made upon the following subjects:

"Shall the age limit be changed from 21 to 18 years?"

"Shall each Grand Lodge fix fees for the ranks of Knighthood in their respective Grand Domains?"

"Ways and means of inducing indifferent Knights to attend meetings more regularly and participate in lodge affairs."

"How do pecuniary benefits affect the fraternal sentiments of the order?"

"Why the Carolina Pythian, our official organ, should be encouraged and sustained."

"Best methods of collecting lodge dues."

Another selection by the Pythian Quartette will be rendered and the lodge will close in due form, the closing ode being sung by the members in attendance.

### BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES Want or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

For Rent—One or two connecting rooms furnished or unfurnished, modern conveniences. Apply 218 Walnut street. mar 5 6t

Wanted—Bids for laying 1,400 to 2,000 feet 6 inch Sewer Pipe, furnishing cement, average depth 4½ feet. Bids to be opened and contract to be seen. Address P. O. Box 103. mar 5 1t

For Sale—Two horses, two delivery wagons one gray and harness and three sets wagon harness. Apply to N. B. Rankin. mar 5 1t

Travelling Salesman to Work country grocer trade. Salary and expenses. Los Angels Older Co., St. Louis, Mo. mar 5 1t

You Can make $10 a day, pay every night. Room 81, 18 E 3rd St. Cincinnati, Ohio. mar 5 1t

Wanted—Registered druggist for permanent position or non-registered druggist for two months. Leading store. Address, giving age, experience and references "Adgeah," care this office. mar 4 4t

Wanted—A good sewing machine salesman for travelling wholesale position. Address, with age and reference, P. O. Box 812, Atlanta, Ga. mar 3 3t

Gentleman of wide acquaintance to interview business men on a subject of interest to every Southerner. Harry B. Cook, Norfolk, Va. mar 1 2t

Two Cottages on Wrightsville Beach—One near Station 2, ten rooms; another near Station 8, both large enough for boarding houses. For Prices call on M. C. Darby & Co. mar 1 1t

For Sale—Grocery and Liquor Business situated in business part of the city. Reason for selling is to move in the country. Address P. D. Q., care Star office. feb 20 1wt

We want to put a velvet collar on your Overcoat. Wilmington Pressing Club. no 5 tf

Call on A. S. Winstead for Oranges, Apples, Bananas, Irish Potatoes, and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 313 Market street. Bell 'Phone 203. dec 29 tf

### KILLING IN ROBESON.

**Deputy Sheriff's Pistol Went Off While Engaged in Struggle With Prisoner.**

[Special Star Correspondence.]

LUMBERTON, N. C., March 4.—Lloyd Thompson died near McDonald's, this county, to-day from the effects of a pistol shot received yesterday at the hands of Deputy Sheriff J. A. Barker, who was accompanied by Messrs. Simp and Oscar Prevatt, who had a warrant from Bladen county for Hill Jones and Lloyd Thompson. Mr. Barker located the parties at their shanty near McDonald's. As soon as Mr. Barker told them he had papers for their arrest they dashed into the house and securing their pistols started for the woods, firing as they ran. Jones was soon overtaken, and when Mr. Barker was nearly in reach of Thompson, both of them fell down, when Mr. Barker's pistol accidentally discharged, the ball striking Thompson and ranging upward. Mr. Barker says that while the shooting was purely accidental, he would have been perfectly justified in shooting. Thompson was armed with a Smith & Wesson pistol. It was learned that he had stolen the pistol a few days since. Coroner Rancke left this afternoon for the scene of the killing to hold an inquest.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Do You Cook With Gas?

IF NOT WHY NOT?

Hundreds in Wilmington now use the Gas Range, and the list grows every day.

COOK WITH GAS!

Duke's Mixture

SMOKING TOBACCO,

The Largest Seller in the World.

We keep it.

The F. B. Hashagen Co.,

Wholesale Groceries and Tobaccos.

mar 3 tf

Last Call

FOR 1904 CITY TAXES.

Advertisement list (sale of land for taxes) is now being prepared.

Unless payment is made AT ONCE property will be advertised and cost will be added to the tax.

B F. KING,

City Tax Collector.

mar 1 7t we fr su th sat su

EXCLUSIVE TAILORING ONLY

AT LEGER MEYER'S, 403 North Front St. Swell people want swell Clothes and they can get them at reasonable prices at my establishment. All orders made up in Wilmington in the latest fashion. Complete line of spring Cloths just received. Voting place for The Library. feb 22 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Wednesday Night, March 8th,

THE DISTINGUISHED YOUNG ACTOR

THOMAS JEFFERSON,

(son of the eminent Joseph Jefferson) in a magnificent scenic production of

"RIP VAN WINKLE."

Prices—25 cents to $1.50.

Seats on sale Tuesday. mar 5 3t

"THE SOUTHERN"

Is the name of the new building corner Front and Chesnut streets, erected by Mr. M. J Heyer.

Notice is hereby given to all parties who have rented offices in this building, that same will be ready for occupancy Monday morning, March 6th, 1905.

A few more choice offices for rent. Apply at my office in building.

W. A. DICK,

Real Estate Agent and Notary Public.

mar 5 1t

# The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 5.


### MONUMENT TO HARNETT AND AND HOOPER.

At the request of the North Carolina Society of the Colonial Dames of America THE STAR is pleased to publish the following:

"There is no greater duty devolving upon faithful States than to preserve the memory of their noble dead."

To this duty the North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames has pledged itself. It has been active in the preservation of ho norabl names, well nigh forgotten, and of brave deeds unrecorded.

Its purpose now is the erection of a monument which shall perpetuate the memory of the heroes and patriots of the Colonial and Revolutionary period, who, as soldiers and statesmen, laid the foundation of the liberty and independence of their country.

One of our able jurists has said with truth: "North Carolina has always known how to make history? she has seldom troubled herself to write it."

The women of this generation, composing the Society of Colonial Dames, are striving to preserve and record some of the names and achievements of this historic past—a past which ante-dates the history of any of the thirteen Colonies—the first white settlement in North America, on Roanoke Island, opened the door of Colonization to Jamestown and Plymouth Rock.

In quick succession through the years which followed, came the Stamp Act, the first open resistance to British authority, leading up to the first Declaration of Independance, and the battles of Moore's Creek Bridge and Guilford Court House.

In order that a more active and far-reaching interest may be inspired, the Society takes this method of informing not only its members in this, and in non-Colonial States, but all North Carolinians, of its efforts to immortalize the names of the men whose courage and fidelity to duty made possible this great commonwealth. "It is a glorious thing to be well descended, but the glory belongs to our ancestors."

On this monument will be inscribed the names of Harnett, Hooper and others. It will be erected in Wilmington, where the Society was organized and chartered, and where one-half the required amount has been given by the local Society.

All who wish to share in this memorial will please send to Mrs. Kate deRosset Meares, President of the North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames, Wilmington, North Carolina.

The above appeal of the Colonial Dames comes from the Wilmington Dames and while it should appeal directly to the people of Wilmington and the Cape Fear region, it is equally addressed to the people of North Carolina. It is to the State's heroes and statesmen that it is proposed to erect a monument and not to the eminent men of a mere section of the State. Harnett and Hooper belonged to North Carolina in common and their achievements and reputation are the glory of the State. Hence it is quite appropriate for the people from the sea to the mountains to aid the ladies in their noble purpose.

Wilmington is specially concerned in this monumental movement from the fact that it is proposed to erect the monument in our city. The appeal of the Colonial Dames to our people should, therefore, meet with generous response, and the effort of this patriotic society call forth hearty co-operation. Our town is singularly conspicuous in the absence of all monumental work. Charlotte, Greensboro, Raleigh have each their commemorative shafts. Shall our own city, so rich in Colonial history, leave its past unrecognized and forgotten?

A little more than a century has well nigh covered with obscurity the illustrious names and deeds of the men who struggled in the wilderness and left us to inherit "the promised land."

A few short months will see the completion of this monument, which will be not only a pride and ornament to Wilmington, but an object lesson, teaching us that "the remembrance of a nation's glory in the past stimulates to national greatness in the future; and that successive generations are awakened to noble endeavor by the contemplation of the heroic deeds of their forefathers."

The efforts of the ladies should arouse the city pride and patriotism of our people. It is not large subscriptions that the ladies desire, but a great many small ones, as it is the idea to make it a popular movement. While generous subscriptions will be gladly received, small ones will carry out the idea that the people should erect the monument.

Some member of the North Carolina General Assembly introduced a bill to make it unlawful and punishable to steal a bride. Appears as if the bridegroom would be able to see that nobody gets away with his bride. If the bill aims at making it unlawful to steal a girl, no man who ever served a sentence for it will be regarded as a jail bird.


**Startling Mortality.**

Statistics show startling mortality from appendicitis and peritonitis. To prevent and cure these awful diseases there is just one reliable remedy, Dr. King's New Life Pills. M. Flannery, of 14 Custom House Place, Chicago, says: "They have no equal for constipation and billiousness." Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store.


### ROOSEVELT, THE PRESIDENT.

President Roosevelt, who served out three years or more of the second term of President McKinley, is now President of the great American Republic by his own right. Having been overwhelmingly elected by the people, he was yesterday inaugurated into the lofty office of President with all the pomp and circumstance with which a free people could honor him. The magnificent inaugural ceremonies at Washington yesterday were not those of beaurocratic or monarchic conception, but it was the tribute of a free people who assembled by the thousands from the North and the South and the East and the West to induct their President into office and wish him godspeed.

The Republican party elected Mr. Roosevelt President, but the people inaugurated him without regard to section or party. We have no doubt that Mr. Roosevelt feels that he takes the reins of government as the President of all the people, and without regard to party the people of the United States will wish him a successful, peaceful, wise and statesmanlike administration. We know that the people of the South will be satisfied if President Roosevelt carries out faithfully the lofty ideals of our Democratic-Republican form of government.

The STAR this morning publishes the President's inaugural address. It breathes the spirit of a thorough Americanism and the people can judge of the heart of their President from the fact that at the inception of his remarks he expresses "gratitude to the Giver of Good, who has blessed us with the conditions which have enabled us to achieve so large a measure of well being and success." Further on he expresses the sentiment of "a fixed determination to show that under a free government a mighty people can thrive best, alike as regards the things of the body and the things of the soul." So mote it be.

The President lays stress upon the responsibilities which our greatness as a nation has laid upon us, and several times alludes to the principle of self-government. We hope that he will not violate the principle of self-government for ourselves as well as for our sister American republics by considering that our responsibilities lie in interfering with their self-government. We say this because in his address the President said: "Never before have men tried so vast and formidable an experiment as that of administering the affairs of a continent under the forms of a democratic republic." Does this mean that the President conceives that it is a part of his duty to administer the affairs of other American nations on this continent? Let him remember that he was elected President of the United States of America and not of the continent. Then we will wish him well.

### CURRENT COMMENT.

—— In answer to a "leading question" from Croesus, Solon told the fabulously-rich king that no one could be called happy until the manner of his death was known. Mrs. Stanford's case is one in point. —Norfolk Landmark.

—— The Standard Oil Company will have no sympathy if it is roughly used by the Kansas Legislature, for the simple reason that this trust might well obey the most exasperating law ever devised for its control and yet remain the greatest money-making business on the continent. —Toronto Star.

—— The American Indian has indured many hardships and indignities with no further protest than a grunt of disapproval, but let those who are trying to fasten the name "Amerind" upon him have a care. There is a point at which Indian stoicism gives way to the war dance and the thirst for gore.—Chicago Tribune.

—— A North Carolina legislator proposes to make the "stealing" of a bride under circumstances, grand larceny and punishable accordingly. The North Carolina laws concerning marriage need amendment, but it is doubtful if that kind of an amendment is just the thing needful.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

——This is not the first time that Kansas has attempted the competitive business. It has a binding twine factory which is making money, and it has State coal mines which supply State institutions with fuel at cost. Kansas is no more afraid of socialistic experiments than she is of woman suffrage.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

——One of the railroad presidents says rate regulating will be a step in the direction of Socialism. He is probably wondering why the people haven't fallen back in terror. But it has come to pass that a good many of the people are able to think of things that are worse even than a step in the direction of Socialism.—Chicago Record-Herald.

—— The President's Monroe doctrine is bearing its fruits in South America already. Senor Andara, a Venezuelan conspirator, has arrived in the United States with full credentials from the opposition to President Castro. He is now on his way to Washington with power to pledge the opposition to Castro to pay the awards against Venezuela and to assure American claimants for property rights in that country that their claims will be impartially adjudicated. What more fitting occasion than that which is here presented for application of the new Monroe doctrine? With the aid of a United States ship of war or two and a little more ammunition Senor Andara and his friends might get up a quite successful revolution.


CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought



## PURE BLOOD

NECESSARY TO HEALTH.

Druggist Robt. R. Bellamy Guarantees Vinol to Make Pure, Rich, Red Blood.

"We see every day on our streets many people whose faces plainly show impure and impoverished blood. We want everybody in Wilmington to know that Vinol is a splendid blood purifier and maker," said Mr. Bellamy.

"Vinol is the best preparation we ever sold in our store to make a pure, rich, red blood, because it contains in a highly concentrated form all of the medicinal, body building elements of cod liver oil, but without a drop of oil or grease to upset the stomach.

"Vinol tones up and strengthens the nerves of the stomach and enables it to obtain from the food eaten the necessary elements to create pure, rich, red blood, and in this way every organ in the body is strengthened and invigorated, and the skin is cleared from all disfiguring eruptions."

Mr. F. W. Bean, of Wilmington, Del., writes: "I suffered for months with poor blood, loss of flesh and strength. My physician prescribed different remedies, none of which helped me. I was discouraged when a friend asked me to try Vinol. I did so and never saw anything like it; it purified and enriched my blood, increased my appetite, and I look and feel like a different man."

"We guarantee Vinol will purify and enrich the blood, create strength and build up every run down person in Wilmington or stand ready to return the money in every case where it fails." Robert R Bellamy, Druggist.


### TWINKLINGS.

— Lawyer: Do you want a divorce without publicity? Lady: Sir, you seem to have forgotten that I am an actress.—Chicago News.

— "Mamma, what is an interregnum?" "It is the time, my son, after one cook has left and before another has come to take her place."

— Wiggs—Deacon Buncomb is fond of doing good deeds on the sly." Waggs—Yes; but he's terribly cut up if other people don't find out about it.—New Yorker

— Mr. Bills—Martha, I willl not be home until very late to night. Mrs. Bills—Shall I leave a light for you? Mr. Bills—Yes; put it in the keyhole, please.—Chicago Journal.

— "It took you an awfully long time to pull that fellow's tooth," said the assistant. "Yes," answered the dentist, grimly, "he married the girl I loved."—Detroit Tribune.

— "What was the excitement after the church services last Sunday?" "Why, an unknown stranger put a $10 bill in the collection plate." "Ten dollar bill? That's good." "No, it was bad!"—Cleveland Plaindealer.

— Miss Woodby—My great grandmother on my mother's side was noted for her proud and imperious bearing. Miss Newitt—Indeed? Our servant girl's the same way.—Catholic Standard and Times.

— "I think," said the prison visitor, "it would be helpful to you if you would take some good motto and try to live up to it." "Yes," said the convict. "Now I'd like to select, for instance, 'we are here to-day and gone to-morrow.' "—Philadelphia Press.

— Mrs. Newed (a bride of six weeks)—And how long will you be away, dearest? Newed—About ten days. Mrs. Newed—Well, I think I'll learn to cook while you are absent. Newed—That's a good idea. And I'll take the dog over and leave him with one of the neighbors.—Chicago News.

— A bill is now before the Maine Legislature providing for a $5,000 monument to the Maine dead buried in the Federal cemetery at Salisbury, N. C. From a dozen different regiments in that State, there were men, and it is said that nearly all of the 150 of the District of Columbia Cavalry were Maine men. A great number of these died at Salisbury, about two thirds of the number having been imprisoned there. Mr. George B. Haskell, a prisoner during that period, is working for the bill, and thinks it will go through. This will add very materially to the beauty of the cemetery.


### REACHING THE SPOT.

It Can Be Done. So Scores of Wilmington Citizens Say.

To cure an aching back,
The pains of rheumatism,
The tired-out feelings,
You must reach the spot—get at the cause.

In most cases 'tis the kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys.

J. E Bloodworth, residing at 30 South Front street and employed at 123 Princess street says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they have proven to be a very valuable remedy and I believe I am safe in recommending them. My back and kidneys have given me great trouble. I thought I had rheumatism. I had shooting pains through my back and sides which often made me yell right out. If I stood, sat or lay down or kept in any one position for any length of time it was almost impossible for me to move on account of the great pain. I heard some one speak of Doan's Kidney Pills and I sent down to Bellamy's drug store and got a box. They completely removed the pains. They are without doubt a valuable remedy for backache."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

**Strikes Hidden Rocks.**

When your ship of health strikes the hidden rocks of consumption, pneumonia, etc., you are lost if you don't get help from Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. J. W. McKinnon, of Talladega, Springs, Ala., writes: "I had been very ill with pneumonia, under the care of two doctors, but was getting no better, when I began to take Dr. King's New Discovery. The first dose gave relief, and one bottle cured me." Its a sure cure for throat, bronchitis, coughs and colds. Guaranteed, at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store; price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.


### SUNDAY SERVICES.

St Thomas' church: First Mass 7 A. M. High Mass, sermon, 10:30 A. M. Vespers 7:40 P. M.

Brooklyn Baptist church: Preaching 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by the pastor. Sunday School 3 30 P. M.

Southside Baptist church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. W. H. Davis pastor: Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 3 P. M.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Odd Fellows' building, second floor: Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Subject of Lesson sermon, "Substance." All are invited.

Sunday Services in Fifth Street Methodist Church, Rev. A. McCullen, pastor: 11 A. M., Subject of Sermon "Some Priceless Treasures." At 7:30 P. M., Subject: "Hold Them Fast." A cordial welcome for all. Seats free.

St Paul's Episcopal Church, corner Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. A. W. Seabrease, rector: Morning prayer, sermon and Holy Communion at 11 A. M. Evening prayer and sermon at 8 P. M. Sunday School 3:30 P. M. Seats free. Strangers are cordially invited.

St. Matthews English Lutheran church, North Fourth street, Rev. C. W. Kegley, pastor: Sunday School at 10 A. M. Preaching at 11 A. M. Vesper services at 7:30 P. M. Lenten services Wednesday at 8 P. M. Every person welcome.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder pastor: Quinquagesima Sunday, English service, 11 A. M.; vesper service, 7.30 P. M. Sunday school, 3:30 P. M. Ash Wednesday, Lenten service, 4 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

Bladen Street M E church, corner of Fifth and Bladen, Rev Geo B Webster, pastor: Class meeting. 10 A M; preaching at 11 A M and 7:45 by Rev E C Glenn of Greensboro. Special services for children at 3 P M. The public cordially invited.

Grace church, corner of Fourth and Grace, Rev. N. M. Watson, pastor. Preaching at 11 A M and 8 P M. The purpose of the morning sermon will be to find a satisfactory answer to the question asked by Job: "If a Man Die, Shall he Live Again?" Special attention will be called to the evidencns of immortality outside of the Bible.

Services at St. James: The service at 11 A. M. will be the Litany and Holy communion. The offering at this service will be for the General Clergy Relief Fund, for the relief of disabled and infirm clergy and the needy widows and orphans of deceased clergy. Evening prayer, with special organ selections, will be at 8 P. M. Ash Wednesday: Services at 7:30 and 11 A. M. and joint service at St. James at 8 P. M.

### SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— On Wednesday in McDowell Superior Court, Judge T. A. McNeill, presiding, the grand jury made a report of the condition of the county home, finding conditions so bad that the Judge sent them back to their room, with instructions to make presentment of the man in charge, and also the county commissioners.

— Raleigh Post: Several years ago this writer advocated the adoption of the Australian ballot in North Carolina, but it met with little encouragement. We are glad to see the matter again revived. The Asheville Citizen has been advocating such a reform for months, and other papers are taking it up. The Kinston Free Press endorses it.

— Fayetteville correspondence Charlotte Observer: Throughout all the recent troubles of the Bank of Fayetteville, the National Bank has acted the handsome part. Besides tendering to the other bank every possible service, Cashier C. J. Cooper loaned money to the temporarily pressed depositors. So far from any run on the National Bank, its deposits and business have largely increased.

— Raleigh Post: Some of our brethren of the press are still referring to those who opposed the Ward bill as "the whiskey ring" and "the liquor influence." This is unfair, unjust and untrue, certainly in the case of many of its opponents. Some of them have straighter temperance records than many who espoused the bill, and drink very much less whiskey.

— The remains of Emil Gibson, who died at Asheville on Thursday, were sent to his former home in Erie, Pa. Miss Gibson was about 46 years of age, was president of the Erie Railroad Company and one of the most prominent railroad men in the country. He went to Asheville over three months ago without his sister, in the hope of regaining his lost health, and leased the handsome residence of Col. Charles W. Woolsey, known as the "Bungalow," where he resided until the time of his death.

— Edwin the five year old son of Mr. and Mrs E. L Clark, died in Greensboro Friday night from injuries received by being struck by a street car at 5 o'clock that afternoon. He lived nearly three hours after the accident occurred. The little fellow was attempting to dodge a wagon and jumped on the track in the way of the approaching car. The motorman and conductor say they used every effort to save the boy's life. His left leg was horribly crushed and the right leg broken.

— Raleigh Post, March 4: The Governor's message to the General Assembly of the State geological survey sets forth clearly the importance of continuing that work without curtailment. The general government is now co-operating largely with the State survey; and the result of these joint investigations is proving of incalculable value to our people. Some day in the near future the people of North Carolina will awake to the importance of entering upon a definite policy of public improvement to find they have already entered upon it along definite lines worked out by this bureau and under its guidance. Already we are building roads at an expenditure of nearly half a million dollars per annum; and we are taking steps looking to the increase in the supply of our more important food fishes, the better protection of our forests and rivers. We are catching again the spirit of public development such as will increase and perpetuate the greatness of our State. And this we owe to our geological survey.

## COMMERCIAL.

### WILMINGTON MARKET

(Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, March 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $2.50 bid per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.60 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $2.30 per barrel for hard, $3.70 for dip.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.40; crude turpentine firm at $2.25@4.00.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits turpentine | 45 |
| Rosin | 87 |
| Tar | 102 |
| Crude turpentine | 31 |

Receipts same day last year—14 casks spirits turpentine, 297 barrels rosin, 371 barrels tar, 32 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady at 7¼c for middling.

Same day last year, market dull at 13⅜c for middling.

Receipts—153 bales; same day last year, 730.

(Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.)

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 90c; extra prime, 95c; fancy, $1.00, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 95c. Spanish, 85@90c.

CORN—Firm; 60@65c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@15c per pound; shoulders, 11c; sides, dull, 10@11c.

EGGS—Dull at 20@22c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 15@35c; springs, 12½@15c.

TURKEYS—Dull at 12½c for live; 16½c for dressed.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25@27c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6c per pound.

PORK—Firm at 7@8c net.

PEAS—White, $1.75@1.85; clay, $1.2 @1.35.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60@75c per bushel.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull at 2@3½c per pound.

### FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Money on was nominal; no loans; time loans firm; sixty days 3 per cent.; ninety days 3¼@3½ per cent.; six months 3¼@3¾ per ct. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was quoted firm, with actual business in bankers' bills 486 75 @486.85 for demand and at 484 75 for sixty day bills. Posted rates were 485½ and 487½. Commercial bills 484@484½. Bar silver 59. Mexican dollars 46. U. S. refunding 2's, U. S. 3's, registered, 104¼; do. reg'd, 104¾; do. coupon, 104¼; coupon, 104¼; U. S. 4's, new, registered, 132½; U. S. 4's, new, coupon, 132½; U. S. 4's, old; registered, 104¼; do. coupon, 105½; American Tobacco 4's cert., 75½; American Tobacco 6,s cert., 116; Atlantic Coast Line 4's, 102¼; Louisville & Nashville, unified 4's, 103½; Seaboard Air Line 4's 91; Southern Railway 5's, 119¾. Stocks: Atlantic Coast Line 141; Baltimore & Ohio preferred 96½; Chesapeake & Ohio 50⅞; Louisville & Nashville 142⅝; Manhattan L 170¾; New York Central 157¼; Reading 95½; do. 1st pref'd, 91¼; do. 2nd pref'd 89¾; Southern Railway 36; do. pref'd 98¼; Amalgamated Copper 77¾; People's Gas 109½; Tennessee Coal and Iron 89; U. S. Leather 11¼; U. S. Leather preferred, 104½; Western Union 93¾; U. S. Steel 36½; do. preferred 95⅞; Mexican Central 24½; Virginia-Carolina Chemical, 36⅞; sales — shares; do. preferred, 107⅞; sales — shares. Standard Oil 615

### NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Rosin steady. Strained, common to good, $2 90@2 95. Spirits turpentine firm at 54@54½c.

CHARLESTON, March 4.—Spirits turpentine and rosin—nothing doing.

SAVANNAH, March 4.—Spirits turpentine quoted at 51c. receipts 56 casks; sales 174 casks; shipments 407 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 1,209 barrels, sales 507 barrels; shipments 695 barrels; A, B, C $2 80; D, $2 85; E, $2 90; F, $2 95; G, $3 00; H, $3 30; I, $3 50; K, $4 05, M, $4 50; N $4 75; W G, $5 00; W W $5 15

### COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, March 4.—The cotton market opened dull but steady at a decline of two to three points in response to slightly lower cables. Southern news continued just about as recently and trading here during the early session was without feature. The general tone was steady and quotations hung between the opening and last night's level.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Cotton was quiet at 7 85; net receipts — bales; gross receipts 2,489 bales; stock 72,531 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 7.85c; middling gulf 8.10c; sales — bales.

Futures opened dull but steady: March 7.35 bid, April 7.32, May 7 36, June 7.37 bid, July 7.31, August 7.38 offered, September 7 40 offered, October 7.40, November 7 45, December 7.46, January —.

Cotton futures closed very steady: March 7.34, April 7.39, May 7.43, June 7.41, July 7.40, August 7.42, September 7.45, October 7 48, November 7.51, December 7.55

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 19,994 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,300 bales; exports to France 8,132 bales; exports to the Continent 1,450 bales; exports to Japan — bales; exports to Mexico — bales; stock 665,354 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 19,994 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,300 bales; exports to France 8,132 bales; exports to Continent 1,450 bales; exports to Japan — bales; exports to Mexico — bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 7,171,108 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,673,858 bales; exports to France 599,136 bales; exports to the Continent 2,276,359 bales; exports to Japan 110,932 bales; exports to Mexico 23,135 bales.

March 4.—Galveston, steady at 7⅝c, net receipts 10,615 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7⅝c, net receipts 1,530 bales; Baltimore, holiday, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 7.85c, net receipts 205 bales; Wilmington, steady at 7¼, net receipts 153 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 8 10, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 7⅛c, net receipts 2,004 bales; New Orleans, firm at 7 3 16, net receipts 4,467 bales; Mobile, steady at 7¼c, net receipts 978 bales; Memphis, steady at 7 7 16c, net receipts 1,289 bales; Augusta, steady at 7⅝c, net receipts 850 bales; Charleston, firm at 7¼c, net receipts 47 bales.

### PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Flour was steady but quiet; Minnesota patents $5 90@6 4.; winter extras $3 65@4 30; Minnesota bakers' $4 20@4 60. Rye flour quiet; fair to fancy. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red $1 21 f. o. b. afloat. Options closed steady at a partial ½c net advance: May closed $1 14¾; July closed $1 02⅜; September closed 94c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 58c at elevator. Options ½c net higher: May closed 54¼c; July closed 54⅛c. Oats—Spot steady; mixed, 37@38c. Butter quiet; creamery, 25@31c; State dairy 24@29c. Cheese firm; State, small colored and white 10¼@13¾. Eggs unsettled; nearby selected 29@30c; Southerns 24@26c. Rice firm; domestic, fair to extra, 2⅞@5c. Tallow firm; city ($2 per package) 4⅝. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 29@35c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 4⅛c; centrifugal, 96 test 5⅛; molasses sugar 4⅝. confectioner's A $5 90; mould A $6 40; cut loaf $6 75; crushed $6 75; powdered $6 15; granulated $6 05; cubes $6 30; refined steady. Potatoes quiet; Long Island, in bulk, per 180 lbs, $1 50@2 00; State and Western $1 25@1 45. Jersey sweets $2 00@4 75. Cabbages steady; domestic, per ton, $8 00@12 00. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton, 10@14c. Pork steady; family $14 00 @15 00; short clear $13 00@15 25; mess $12 75@13 50. Lard steady; Western steam $7 20; refined steady; continent $7 30; compound 4¾@5¼c. Cotton seed oil steady in tone; demand fair; Prime crude, f. o. b. mills 19½c prime summer yellow 26¼@26¾c; off summer yellow nominal; prime white 29¾c; prime winter yellow 30c.

CHICAGO, March 4.—Higher prices for cash wheat in northwestern markets tended to give a firm tone to option trading here. At the close wheat for May delivery up ½@1. July is up ⅜; May corn is also ⅛ up. Oats show a gain of ⅛ and provisions 5 to 15 cents.

CHICAGO, March 4.—Cash prices: Flour Easy Wheat—No 2 spring $1 10@1 15¼; No. 3 do. $1 07@1 15; No. 2 red $1 15⅛@1 17¼. Corn—No. 2 46½c; No. 2 yellow 46⅝c. Oats—No. 2 31⅞c; No. 2 white, 33c; No 3 white 31⅜@32⅜c Rye—No. 2 78c Mess pork, per bbl, $12 55 @12 60. Lard, per 100 lb., sold at $6 87@6 90. Short rib sides, loose, $6 70@6 82. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, no report. Short clear sides, boxed, $6 75@6 87 Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 23.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 May $1 15½@1 15⅝, 1 16¼, 1 15⅝, 1 15⅞@15⅞; July 98⅛@98⅞, 99¼, 98⅛, 99c; September 90⅞, 91⅝, 90⅞, 91⅝c. Corn—March —, —, —, 45⅞; May 48⅛@48¼, 48⅝, 48⅛, 48⅛; July 48⅜@48⅝, 48¾, 48⅜, 48⅛@48⅝c. Oats—March —, —, —, 31⅞; May 31⅞, 32, 31⅞, 32c; July 31⅞, 32, 31⅞, 31⅞@32c. Mess pork, per bbl—May $12 57, 12 67, 12 57, 12 67 July $12 72, 12 80, 12 70, 12 80. Lard, per 100 lbs—May $7 00, 7 02, 7 00, 7 02 July, $7 15, 7 17, 7 15, 7 17 Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $6 77, 6 82, 6 77, 6 82; July $6 92, 6 97, 6 92 6 97.

### NEW YORK COFFEE FUTURES.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Coffee—Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 7⅝c; mild quiet. Cordova 10@13c. Futures closed steady at a decline of 5 points to an advance of 5 points.

### FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, March 4.—Cotton: Spot, in fair demand, with prices two points higher; American middling fair 4.56d; good middling 4.24d; middling 4 12d; low middling 4.00d; good ordinary 3 86d; ordinary 3.70d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales were for speculation and export and included 7,800 bales American. Receipts 6,000 bales, including 3,700 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed quiet and steady; American middling (g o c): March 3.97d; March and April 3.97d; April and May 4 00d; May and June 4.01d; June and July 4.03d; July and August 4.03d; August and September 4.04d; September and October 4.05d; October and November 4.05d; November and December 4.06d; December and January 4 07d.

### MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Schr Allen Green, 385 tons, Rogers, New York, C D Maffitt.

CLEARED.

Clyde steamer Navahoe, Bunnell, New York, H G Smallbones.

### MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port of Wilmington, N. C., March 5.

STEAMERS.

Teesdale, (Br) 1,560 tons, Edwards, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Allen Green, 385 tons, Rogers, C D Maffitt.

Samuel B Hubbard, 333 tons, Mehaffey, C D Maffitt.

Waccamaw, 408 tons, Demmings, C D Maffitt.

Clarence A Shaffner, (Br) 158 tons, Johnson, C D Maffitt.

BARQUES.

Turist, (Nor) 733 tons, Olafsen, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

C. C. Railroad—9 bales cotton, 20 barrels rosin, 37 barrels tar, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—39 bales cotton, 15 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

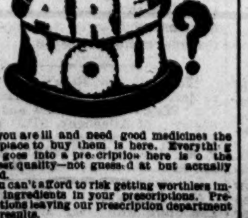
W. C. & A. Railroad—101 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 19 barrels rosin, 13 barrels tar, 18 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Compton—20 casks spirits turpentine.

Steamer Whitlock—4 bales cotton, 28 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Schooner Addie May — 24 casks spirits turpentine, 48 barrels rosin.

Total—153 bales cotton, 45 casks spirits turpentine, 87 barrels rosin, 102 barrels tar, 31 barrels crude turpentine.


If you are ill and need good medicines the best place to buy them is here. Everything that goes into a prescription here is of the highest quality—not guessed at but actually tested.

You can't afford to risk getting worthless impure ingredients in your prescriptions. Prescriptions leaving our prescription department give results.

ADOLPH G. AHRENS, Druggist.

feb 28 tf

JUST RECEIVED

FIRST CAR

Portner's

OLD GERMAN

BOCK BEER!

TRY IT.

Robt. Portner Brew Co

OTTO BANCK, Agent,

Wilmington, N C.

Telephone No. 99. feb 25 1w

LARGE SURPLUS OF

Valentine Beans,

Currie's Wax Beans,

Long Scarlet and White

Vienna Radish.

Turnip Seed of every Description

and all other varieties and seeds in paper.

Write for quotations.

J. C. SHEPARD,

Druggists and Seedman.

feb 2 tf

FieldPeas

300 Bushels

Field Peas for Sale.

They are scarce and you had better buy now.

We also have about 100 bags of Dirty Salt that we will sell cheap.

ALSO

10,000 Bags 100 Lbs. White Salt

Send us your orders.

D. L. GORE COMPANY

Wholesale Grocers and Importers.

feb 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

IN TIME OF PEACE PREPARE FOR WAR."

Don't wait till the NIGHT HORROR comes. Pyxis Croup Remedy is harmless and effectual. Buy a bottle to-day. Keep it in the house and you are safe.

BULLUCK & COWAN

Distributing Agent.

feb 23 tf

A CARD.

I desire to inform my friends and the public generally that hereafter I can be found at the

Wilmington Grocery Co.,

where I will be pleased to wait on my former friends and patrons with all facilities to please and a handsome stock to select from, I am confident I will be able to give satisfaction. Respectfully,

J. B HAND.

mar 1 tf

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN ESTABLISHED 1831

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper, AND ADMITTEDLY THE Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.

No other paper pretends to compare with it in qualifications of editorial staff.

Gives the agricultural NEWS with a degree of completeness not even attempted by others.

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SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.

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Have You THESE SYMPTOMS?

There's Danger Ahead

If you have sharpe pains across the small of the back, if there is any irregularity in the urine, if it is scanty or profuse, or difficult to retain, then your kidneys are out of order and should be given prompt attention. There is no disease so surely fatal if neglected. Diseases of the bladder, such as inflammation, gravel or stone in the bladder, diabetes, and finally uremic poisoning, usually begin in a very slight way at first, often causing no particular inconvenience.

Stuart's Gin and Buchu is a reliable remedy for any form of kidney and bladder diseases. It has been given the severest tests for thirty years and has never failed to relieve the worst case and stay the fatal progress of the disease. If you have the slightest smyptom of this disease, you should lose no time in beginning the use of this remedy. One bottle will convince you of the great benefit it will render. Stuart's Juniper and Buchu Tablets is the same remedy in tablet form for those who prefer it in that shape.

Samples Free to All.

You are invited to send your name and address at once for a free trial sample of this great remedy, together with testimonials and full information. Full size bottles $1 at all drug stores. Address Stuart Drug Co., 66 Wall street, Atlanta Ga.

Seasonable Hardware

Our line of agricultural implements, is just now complete and we are filling orders everywhere. It will pay you to investigate our prices before going further.

J. W Murchison & Co.

Wholesale and Retail.

Orton Building,

Special Agents L. & R. Powder, Peninsular Shovels and Howe Scales. mar 3 tf


### COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county made in the case of Annie J. Sadgwar, administratrix of Sophia A. Price deceased, vs Fred C. Sadgwar, et. al., the undersigned commissioner appointed by said decree, will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the Court House door, in the city of Wilmington, on Saturday, the 18th day of March, 1905, at 12 o'clock M., the following described land, situate in Cape Fear township, New Hanover county:

1st. one-half undivided interest in that tract of land beginning at a spruce Pine, Jerry Fonville's third corner in the old line in a Bay, runs thence with Samuel Davis' line N 43 deg 30 min E 51 chains to a dead pine stump: thence with another of said Davis' lines N 58 deg. 30 min. E 13 chains and 75 links to a large poplar on the N. edge of the Ditch Pond Branch, one chain above where said branch enters into Broad Water Branch, thence down said branch N. 51 deg. 30 min E 3 chains and 75 links to a dead pine stump; thence N 24 deg W 3 chains and 25 links to a small Black Gum; thence N 8 deg W 2 chains to a large sweet Gum on the N. edge of the Spring Branch; thence N 63 deg W 1 chain 50 links to a small sweet Gum; thence N 18 deg 30 min W 4 chains to a large poplar; thence N 8 deg. East 2 chains and 89 links to sweet Gum; thence N. 50 deg E. 4 chains and 2 links to a long straw pine; thence N. 56 deg. 30 min. E 2 chains and 14 links to a White Oak; thence N. 11 deg. 3 chains and 25 links to a Poplar; thence N 14 deg 2 chains and 65 links to a large forked long straw pine; thence N 13 deg 30 min E 6 chains and 11 links to two small Dogwood trees; thence N. 35 deg W 3 chains to a long straw pine; thence 16 deg 48 min E 4 chains and 13 links to a spruce pine; thence 48 deg 30 min 3 chains and 16 links to a large hollow Poplar; thence 17 deg E 50 links to a stake; thence W 4 chains to the beginning, containing about 85 acres more or less.

2nd one-half undivided interest in that tract of land beginning at a large Gum Tree, high water mark of DeRossett's branch, near where it empties into Broad Water Branch, and running thence 54½ deg. E 3 chains and 75 links to pine; thence 66¼ deg E 2 chains and 88 links to a pine; thence 7 deg E chains and 20 links to a pine; thence N 81¼ deg E. 3 chains and 73 links to a pine; thence 45½ deg E 2 chains and 9 links to a pine; thence 10¼ deg E. 2 chains and 3 links to pine; thence 45 deg E. 7 chains and 80 links to a small sweet gum tree on the N. side of said DeRossett's branch and of the Holly Shelter road, thence with said road 50 links; thence N. 45¼ deg 7 chains and 8 links, thence 1 deg W two chains and links thence N 45½ deg W 2 chains and 9 links; thence 84¼ 3 chains and 73 links; thence 71 deg 5 chains and 2 links; thence 6 deg. W. 8 chains and 10 links; thence 35 deg 3 chains and 5 links to a Gum tree; thence 38¼ deg W 4 chains to a Dogwood tree on Broad Water branch; thence southwardly along high water mark of Broad Water branch with its various meanders to the beginning. Containing acres more or less.

WILLIAM M. BELLAMY, Commissioner.

Dated February 18, 1905. feb 22


Southern Electric Co.,

Electrical Contractors,

Old Court House Building

'PHONE 901

We carry a full line of hand and pocket flash lights, batteries, bells, etc. Estimates furnished on all kinds of electrical work on application. Let us wire your house for electric lights and advertise your business with an electric sign.

feb 5 tf

CHEST PROTECTORS

—AND—

Hot Water Bags

This is the kind of weather for Chest Protectors and Hot Water Bags, from 25c to $2 at

Hardin's Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front Street.

feb 5 tf

FLORIDA TOMATOES,

EVAPORATED APPLES AND PEACHES,

Prunes, Evaporated Cream, Breakfast Bacon Mackerel and Chipped Beef, Standard Canned Good, Graham Flour, Smithfield Hams. In fact everything good to eat.

CROW & TAYLOR,

GROCERS,

Phone 165 114 MARKET STREET.

feb 21 tf

SEED

IRISH POTATOES AND CHUFAS.

We have on hand about 75 bushels of seed Chufas and about 500 bushels of Seed Irish Potatoes, Wood's Early Variety, the best on earth.

Write for prices to

T. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Cronly, N. C.

P. S.—We also have six mules which we will sell at bargains for cash. mar 1 1m

# BUSY, BUSY.

**The people know good things when they see them. Six days ago we started our Semi-Annual Clearing sale with thousands of dollars worth of**

# FineClothing

## Underwear and Colored Top Shirts.

And the following Low Prices has proven a great inducement to buyers

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Men's | $7 50 | Suits | now | $6 15 | Men's | 7 00 | Pants now 5 50 |
| " | 10 00 | " | " | 8 25 | " | 6 50 | " " 5 00 |
| " | 11 00 | " | " | 8 75 | " | 6 00 | " " 4 75 |
| " | 12 50 | " | " | 10 00 | " | 5 50 | " " 4 25 |
| " | 13 50 | " | " | 10 75 | " | 5 00 | " " 4 00 |
| " | 15 00 | " | " | 12 50 | " | 4 50 | " " 3 75 |
| " | 16 50 | " | " | 13 50 | " | 4 00 | " " 3 25 |
| " | 18 00 | " | " | 14 50 | " | 3 50 | " " 2 75 |
| " | 20 00 | " | " | 16 00 | " | 3 00 | " " 2 35 |
| " | 22 50 | " | " | 18 00 | " | 2 50 | " " 2 00 |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Youth's | $5.00 | Suits..... | now $ 4.00 |
| " | 6.00 | " ..... | " 4.75 |
| " | 7.50 | " ..... | " 5.75 |
| " | 10 00 | " ..... | " 8 00 |
| " | 11 00 | " ..... | " 8 50 |
| " | 12 50 | " ..... | " 9.50 |
| " | 13 50 | " ..... | " 10 00 |
| " | 15 00 | " ..... | " 12.00 |
| " | 16.00 | " ..... | " 12.50 |

300 Children's Suits, sizes from three to sixteen years, in all the latest styles at the following reduction:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Child | $1 50 | Suit..... | now $1.25 |
| " | 2.00 | " ..... | " 1.65 |
| " | 2.25 | " ..... | " 1.75 |
| " | 3 50 | " ..... | " 3 00 |
| " | 3.00 | " ..... | " 2.35 |
| " | 4.00 | " ..... | " 3.35 |
| " | 5.00 | " ..... | " 4.00 |
| " | 6.00 | " ..... | " 4.75 |

## Underwear at Low Prices.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| .50 cents Shirts or Drawers | | | .40 |
| .75 | " | " | .60 |
| 1 00 | " | " | .80 |
| 1.25 | " | " | 1.00 |
| 1 50 | " | " | 1.15 |
| 2 50 | " | " | 2 00 |

## Colored Top Shirts.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 50 cents Shirts | | | .40 |
| 75 | " | " | .60 |
| 1.00 | " | " | .80 |
| 1.25 | " | " | 1.00 |
| 1 50 | " | " | 1.15 |
| 2.00 | " | " | 1.60 |

## OVERCOATS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Men's Black and Gray | $10.00 | Overcoats | now | $ 6.50 |
| Men's Black and Gray | 12.00 | Overcoats | now | 8.00 |
| Men's Black and Gray | 13.50 | Overcoats | now | 9.00 |
| Men's Black and Gray | 15 00 | Overcoats | now | 10 00 |
| Men's Black and Gray | 16.00 | Overcoats | now | 10 50 |
| Men's Black and Gray | 18.00 | Overcoats | now | 11.50 |
| Men's Black and Gray | 22.50 | Overcoats | now | 16 50 |

**Sweaters and Cardigan Jackets at 2-3 of Their Regular Value. Boys' Knee Pants, all Sizes, Reduced**

You have a few more days to take advantage of the above prices—so don't wait for the last minute but come at once and get your choice.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.,

One Price Clothiers and Furnishers,

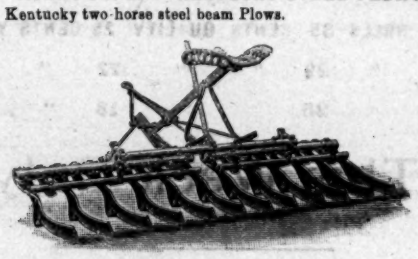
mar 4 tf Masonic Temple Building.

# Acme Pulverizing Harrows,

CLARK'S CUTAWAY HARROWS,

AVERY'S PONY KENTUCKY STEEL PLOWS.

B. O Kentucky two-horse steel beam Plows.



All other Agricultural Implements and Farming Utensils.

**W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,**

Purcell Building,

jan 29 tf Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Importers.

"STANDARD FOR FOURTEEN YEARS"
"THE STANDARD BY WHICH ROOFING QUALITY IS JUDGED."
RUBEROID
ROOFING
THE PIONEER WEATHER-PROOF AND ELASTIC ROOFING.
WEARING QUALITIES UNEQUALED BY ANY OTHER ROOFING.
WATER-PROOF. ACID-PROOF. FIRE-RESISTING.
ROGER MOORE'S SONS & COMPANY.

# The Very Best

SOLE AGENTS —FOR—

SHOES.

# SHOES,

THAT

**Money Can Buy!**

We have them in almost every style, shape and quality and can fit from the least wee tot to biggest man. I will pay any man to take a look at our rables of bargains Some lots of Dougl s and other staples are being closed out below prime cost. Come early and secure your size.

Our Cash-on-Approval system still grows in opularity.

Respectfully,

**Mercer & Evans Co.**

feb 13 tf

# Merchants & Truckers

We have genuine Aristook county (Maine) Seed Potatoes. North Carolina Rust Proof Oats, and Genuine Peruvian Guano to grow them. Also four good farm mules for sale.

**HALL & PEARSALL,**

INCORPORATED.

feb 4 tf

# The Only Restaurant.

**Regular Dinner 25 Cents.**

**Board by the Week $4.00.**

Special rates by the month.

jan 22 tf

# DO YOU WANT THE "BEST"

**TO EAT**

You can get it sure without asking for it if you call

**The Ladies' Store.**

Butter you know and so does your neighbor.

Flour, "Dainty," it makes the Cake.

Rice, it is all head.

Sugar, of course the sweetest.

Lard, the pure kettle rendered.

Meal, Virginia Dunlap Water Ground.

The balance will rank way up.

SUNBEAM GOODS

Others have as good, we always have the best.

**Carpenter Grocery.**

jan 22 tf

# A

RED CROSS KIDNEY PLASTER

MAKES THE BACK

**Feel Good.**

PRICE 25 CENTS.

PHONE

JAS. M. HALL & BRO.,

feb 26 tf


# INAUGURATION OF REGAL SPLENDOR.

[Continued from Fourth Page.]

*My Fellow Citizens:*

No people on earth have more cause to be thankful than ours, and this is said reverently, in no spirit of boastfulness in our own strength, but with gratitude to the Giver of God who has blessed us with the conditions which have enabled us to achieve so large a measure of well-being and of happiness. To us as a people it has been granted to lay the foundations of our national life in a new continent. We are the heirs of the ages, and yet we have had to pay few of the penalties which in old countries are exacted by the dead hand of a bygone civilization. We have not been obliged to fight for our existence against any alien race; and yet our life has called for the vigor and effort without which the manlier and hardier virtues wither away. Under such conditions it would be our own fault if we failed; and the success which we have had in the past, the success which we confidently believe the future will bring, should cause in us no feeling of vain-glory, but rather a deep and abiding realization of all which life has offered us; a full acknowledgment of the responsibility which is ours; and a fixed determination to show that under a free government a mighty people can thrive best, alike as regards the things of the body and the things of the soul.

Much has been given to us, and much will rightfully be expected from us. We have duties to others and duties to ourselves; and we can shirk neither. We have become a great nation, forced by the fact of its greatness into relations with the other nations of the earth; and we must behave as beseems a people with such responsibilities. Toward all other nations, large and small, our attitude must be one of cordial and sincere friendship. We must show not only in our words but in our deeds that we are earnestly desirous of securing their good will by acting toward them in a spirit of just and generous recognition of all their rights. But justice and generosity in a nation, as in an individual, count most when shown not by the weak but by the strong. While ever careful to refrain from wronging others, we must be no less insistent that we are not wronged ourselves. We wish peace; but we wish the peace of justice, the peace of righteousness. We wish it because we think it is right and not because we are afraid. No weak nation that acts manfully and justly should ever have cause to fear us, and no strong power should ever be able to single us out as a subject for insolent aggression.

Our relations with the other powers of the world are important; but still more important are our relations among ourselves. Such growth in wealth, in population, and in power as this nation has seen during the century and a quarter of its national life is inevitably accompanied by a like growth in the problems which are ever before every nation that rises to greatness. Power invariably means both responsibility and danger. Our forefathers faced certain perils which we have outgrown. We now face other perils the very existence of which it was impossible that they should foresee. Modern life is both complex and intense, and the tremendous changes wrought by the extraordinary industrial development of the last half century are felt in every fiber of our social and political being. Never before have men tried so vast and formidable an experiment as that of administering the affairs of a continent under the forms of a democratic republic. The conditions which have told for our marvelous well-being, which have developed to a very high degree our energy, self-reliance, and individual initiative, have also brought the care and anxiety inseparable from the accumulation of great wealth in industrial centres. Upon the success of our experiment much depends; not only as regards our own welfare, but as regards the welfare of mankind. If we fail, the cause of free self-government throughout the world will rock to its foundations; and therefore our responsibility is heavy, to ourselves, to the world as it is to-day, and to the generations yet unborn. There is no good reason why we should fear the future, but there is every reason why we should face it seriously, neither hiding from ourselves the gravity of the problems before us nor fearing to approach these problems with the unbending, unflinching purpose to solve them aright.

Yet, after all, though the problems are new, though the tasks set before us differ from the tasks set before our fathers who founded and preserved the Republic, the spirit in which these tasks must be undertaken and these problems faced, if our duty is to be well done, remains essentially unchanged. We know that self-government is difficult. We know that no people needs such high traits of character as that people which seeks to govern its affairs aright through the freely expressed will of the freemen who compose it. But we have faith that we shall not prove false to the memories of the men of the mighty past. They did their work, they left us the splendid heritage we now enjoy. We in our turn have an assured confidence that we shall be able to leave this heritage unwasted and enlarged to our children and our children's children. To do so we must show, not merely in great crises, but in the everyday affairs of life, the qualities of practical intelligence, of courage, of hardihood and endurance, and above all the power of devotion to a lofty ideal, which made great the men who founded this Republic in the days of Washington, which made great the men who preserved this Republic in the days of Abraham Lincoln.

**The Colonel's Waterloo.**

Col. John M. Faller, of Honey Grove, Tex., nearly met his waterloo from liver and kidney trouble. In a recent letter, he says: "I was nearly dead of these complaints, and, although I tried my family doctor, he did me no good; so I got a 50-cent bottle of your great Electric Bitters, which cured me. I consider them the best medicine on earth, and thank God who gave you the knowledge to make them." Sold, and guaranteed to cure dyspepsia, biliousness and kidney disease, by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, at 50c a bottle.


# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

**The Kind You Have Always Bought**

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*


## NOTICE.

I respectfully notify my friends and patrons that I have turned over to Mr. W. Van Hardin, 119 Princess street, my stock of Wines and Liquors and he will in the future offer for sale all the brands formerly sold by me, which includes the SOLE AGENCY of the R. A. Stuart's Rockbridge Rye. Thanking them for the liberal patronage to me I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same for him.

Respectfully,

feb 25 1w N. B. BANKIN.

# A SPANISH PIRATE

[Copyright 1903, by ... Lewis.]

One afternoon in [illegible], as the Jane Snow of Newburyport, bound for the West Indies, had sighted Porto Rico, a pirate brig appeared to windward. She had been so often described that there was no mistaking her. She was a Spanish craft familiarly known as the Black Devil.

Josiah Marsh was skipper of the Snow, and his crew numbered twelve men. As he had no guns aboard and as the craft was a slow sailer he ordered out the longboat, and everybody got into her, and the Snow was abandoned. The pirates chased the longboat for a couple of hours, but as the wind was light they could not come up with her.

Then they returned to pick up the Snow. She was loaded with staves and lumber, and there was little or nothing aboard of her the fellows could make use of. They dared not set fire to her, and the holes bored in her bottom only waterlogged her. A cat and a parrot were left aboard, and in revenge the pirates tortured the cat to death and hung the parrot to one of the beams of the cabin.

As the longboat, with Josiah Marsh and his crew aboard, ran down through the Mona passage they met the British frigate Courier and gave her the news. They had left the pirate craft forty miles behind them, but the Englishman was prompt to go in search. The Americans asked that they might be taken aboard and serve until the Black Devil was destroyed, and their request was complied with.

In a spirit of bravado the pirate captain had entered her capture on the log and had added that he should cruise for a week between Porto Rico and Barbados. Accident had changed his plans, however. As his craft lay alongside the Snow their rigging became entangled, and the Black Devil had her fore topmast sprung. She came to anchor under the lee of one of the Virgin islands to repair damages and had just got all antanto when the Courier hove in sight.

The Englishman knew that he must disguise his ship if he wished to get near the Spaniard. As he took up the pursuit he began to overhaul his top hamper, and after a few hours the smart frigate looked as slovenly as any merchantman afloat. The pirate let herself be overhauled to within a mile before she flew the black flag, and as the emblem floated to the masthead she fired the first gun. She mounted twelve guns and had a crew of 118 men. The frigate mounted twenty-four guns and a crew of 140.

It was not many minutes before the pirate found that he had been tricked. He would then have got away, but the breeze fell, and he was under the guns of the Courier. The only thing to the credit of the Black Devil was the fight she made against superior force. Capture meant the halter, and for four long hours the pirates stood up to their work. At the end of that time they had lost eighty men, half their guns were dismounted, and the brig had been hulled so often that there was five feet of water in her hold. She was still fighting when the frigate ran her aboard and poured fifty men on her decks. In ten minutes they had possession.

Little of value was found aboard the brig, as she had just returned to her cruising ground, but many of the articles removed are to be found in the British museum today. She was regularly fitted out with a stock of implements of torture. Between decks there was a large caldron set in brickwork and close by a stock of seven barrels of oil. She had thumbscrews by the dozen, spiked boots, the racks and benches used in the inquisition, and indeed nothing was lacking in the torture line.

Only twenty-eight men of the pirate's crew lived to be taken prisoners. Among them was her fourth or fifth captain, whose name was Alvarez. He was a man of thirty, and a greater fiend never lived. He was the last man to give in and was so severely wounded that for some days it was a question whether he would live or die.

The brig was so badly knocked about that she foundered, and the frigate landed the pirates in Jamaica for trial. They were a swaggering, boasting, defiant lot. Not one of them would turn king's evidence, nor did any fear death.

In cold blood, and knowing they would be used against them, the captain, mate and several of the crew made statements which held them up as veritable devils. The captain had only engaged in two captures, and both vessels were English. One had a crew of fifteen and the other of eighteen men. He boasted that every man had been tortured to death and that some of them had lived six hours after their torture commenced. He said that with his own hand he had cut off the ears, toes and fingers of a merchant captain and then spiked him down on his own deck with no less than fourteen ship nails.

The mate had been with the brig from the outset of her career. It took him two days to make his "confession." All the implements of torture were in his charge, and he was the one who directed their application. He said he had been the death of 160 English, French and American sailors, and there was sufficient corroborative evidence to prove that he was not boasting.

The trial of the pirates lasted about two weeks, and they were given two more in which to prepare for death. Not one of them weakened in the slightest, and they sang songs and joked with each other as they went to the gallows. M. QUAD.


**IT IS FOR LADIES, TOO.**

**They Can Stop Their Hair Falling Out With Herpicide.**

Ladies who have thin hair and whose hair is falling out, can prevent the hair falling out, and thicken the growth, with Newbro's "Herpicide." Besides, Herpicide is one of the most agreeable hair dressings there is. Herpicide kills the dandruff germ that eats the hair off at the root. After the germ is destroyed, the root will shoot up, and the hair grow long as ever. Even a sample will convince any lady that Newbro's Herpicide is an indispensable toilet requisite. It contains no oil or grease, it will not stain or dye. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

HARDIN'S PHARMACY, Special Agent.

**J. A. MORRIS,**

MACHINIST,

**GUN AND LOCK SMITH.**

Repairing

Typewriters and Light Machinery a specialty.

213 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

feb 24 tf

**SELZ SHOES SELL!**

WHEN OTHERS WILL NOT

WHY? BECAUSE

**SELZ SHOES**

Give the wear and comfort that you cannot get from other Shoes.

PRICES $3.00 AND $3.50.

All styles. Sold only by

**CEO. R. FRENCH & SONS,**

feb 28 tf 108 North Front Street.

**WHY DOES IT PAY**

TO USE

**PERUVIAN GUANO?**

BECAUSE
This is no fancy brand.
It is the ONLY natural manure obtainable.
It is SOLID plantfood and humus. Each ton has OVER 600 LBS. of actual Potash, Amonia and Phosphoric Acid. Each ton contains about 400 LBS. OF LIME.
It contains no "filler."
It benefits the land and does not BAKE it.
It is CHEAPER than manufactured fertilizers.

INQUIRE of your dealer.

feb 16 tf

H. M. BREMER. G. J. McMILLAN.

# The Elite Market,

S. W. Sanders' Old Stand,

**N. E Corner Market and Second Streets.**

I am now open for business and prepared to serve the public with the best Meats, Poultry, &c, to be obtained. Give me a call.

**H. M. BREMER.**

Phone 1082. feb 25 tf

# For Sale Cheap

ONE SET

**French Buhr Mill Stones,**

For information address,

**Wilmington Iron Works.**

feb 25 D&W tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

# THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,

of Wilmington, N. C.

Began business March 1899.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital and surplus | $450,000. |
| Total assets over | 3,000,000 |

With largest assets in the State we are able to furnish exceptional facilities to customers.

We invite correspondence from those needing the services of a Bank.

**H. C. McQUEEN, President,**

**J. V. GRAINGER, Vice President and Cashier.**

fe 25 tf

**SHOES REPAIRED.**

Send us your repair work. This is the only place in the city where you can have your shoes repaired and VOTE FOR THE LIBRARY.

**Solomon's Shoe Store.**

# THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK

**Offers a few choice Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at four dollars per annum. Absolute safety fire and Burglar proof.**

feb 25 tf

AT THE

# The Little Gibraltar.

**A new interest quarter will begin March 1st**

**The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.**

J. W. NORWOOD, President H. WALTERS, Vice President.

C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. feb 25 tf

# Co-operative

Co operative and successful we claim to be. We work with our factories to turn out the best quality of goods at a reasonable price. We sell them to our customers at a close margin of profit, and give them the best goods we can buy and they take our goods in preference to all others. We will take an interest in your business; will you in ours?

**Boilers, Engines, Saws, Belting, Pipe, Fittings and all supplies.**

**T. D. LOVE CO.,**

Manufacturers' Agents, Mill, Steamfitter and Plumbers' Supplies,

mar 2 tf 204, 206 North Water St., Wilmington, N. C.

**--FOR--**

The convenience of our patrons and friends we have taken an agency for the

**Wilmington Steam Laundry**

They use the latest improved machinery. All washing done according to Sanitary rules. Try the Domestic finish—goods look better, linen lasts longer, Gloss finish given if so requested.

Yours for healthy laundry work,

**BULLUCK & COWAN**

313 North Front Street.

P. S. Leave your package with us and have returned here when laundered. fe 26 tf

**A Delicious Cup**

**"Royal Dragon Tea"**

Can be had in your home. Put up in ¼ and ½ pound air tight tin cans which preserves the flavor. Best quality for the least money, 80c per pound. Sold only by

**S. W SANDERS,**

Phone 109. Market street.

feb 26 tf

# ARE YOU

Keeping in Stock

# Cuban Blossom

AND RENOWN CIGARS?

They are as good as ever.

**Silver Coin Flour Can't be beat**

# H. L. Vollers,

Wholesale Grocer and Distributor

dec 18 tf


## Atlantic & North Carolina R. R.

Howland Improvement Company, Lessee.

Schedule in Effect Feb. 5 1905.

EASTBOUND.

| Station. | No. 3. | No. 5. |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Goldsboro | 3 45 p m | 8 00 a m |
| Lv L. Grange | 4 16 p m | 8 38 a m |
| Lv Kinston | 4 40 p m | 8 52 a m |
| Lv Dover | 5 02 p m | 9 14 a m |
| Lv Cove | 5 16 p m | 9 27 a m |
| Lv Tuscarora | 5 26 p m | 9 37 a m |
| Ar Newbern | 5 45 p m | 10 00 a m |

| | No. 7 (accom) |
|---|---|
| Lv New Bern | 5 56 p m |
| Lv Riverdale | 6 18 p m |
| Lv Havelock | 6 34 p m |
| Lv Newport | 6 50 p m |
| Ar Morehead City | 7 10 p m |

WESTBOUND.

| Station | No. 4 | No. 8 (Accom) |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Morehead City | 7 40 a m | 5 30 a m |
| Lv Newport | 8 11 a m | 6 34 a m |
| Lv Havelock | 8 27 a m | 7 00 a m |
| Lv Riverdale | 8 42 a m | 7 30 a m |
| Ar New Bern | 9 00 a m | 8 00 a m |

| Station | No. 6 |
|---|---|
| Lv New Bern | 9 15 a m |
| Lv Tuscarora | 9 37 a m |
| Lv Cove | 9 49 a m |
| Lv Dover | 10 03 a m |
| Lv Kinston | 10 27 a m |
| Lv La Grange | 10 51 a m |
| Ar Goldsboro | 11 20 a m |

Trains 3, 4, 5 and 6 run daily.
Trains 7 and 8 run daily except Sunday.

CONNECTIONS.

At Goldsboro: With Southern Railway and Atlantic Coast Line.

At Kinston and New Bern: With Atlantic Coast Line.

H. P. POSTER, General Manager, Goldsboro, N. C.

E. A. NIKL, Traffic Manager, feb 10 tf

## To The Beach and Wrightsville

Suburban and City Schedule.

In Effect January 12, 1905.

Suburban Schedule (daily except Sunday.)

| Leave Front and Princess | Leave the Beach |
|---|---|
| 6.30 A. M. | 9.00 A. M. |
| 10.00 A. M. | 12.30 P. M. |
| 3.00 P. M. | 5.15 P. M. |
| Leave Wrightsville | |
| 6.10 P. M. | 6.45 P. M. |
| 7.30 " " | 8.15 " " |
| 9.00 " " | 9.30 " " |
| 10.00 " " | 10.30 " " |

Extra Cars on Sundays.

Note: Trains leaving Front and Princess Sts. at 6.10, 7.30, 9.00 and 10.00 P. M. will go over to Beach on request.

The 3 o'clock car comes back to The "Light house" at 4.30 P. M., thus giving one an opportunity to enjoy an oyster roast as well as visit the ocean.

**CITY SCHEDULE.**

Regular City Cars.

Brooklyn and Belt line cars leave Front and Princess streets every 10 minutes beginning at 7.35 A. M., daily except Sunday. Sunday at 8.35 A. M. Last Brooklyn and Belt line cars leave Front and Princess streets at 12.05 midnight.

Hospital and Cemetery Cars. (Without change.)

| Leave Front and Princess | Leave Cemetery |
|---|---|
| 9.00 A. M. | 9.30 A. M. |
| 3.15 P. M. | 3.30 P. M. |
| 4.30 P. M. | 5.00 P. M. |

Delgado and Golf Link Car (Without change.) Daily except Sunday

| Leave Front and Princess | Leave Golf Links. |
|---|---|
| 1.40 P. M. | 4.00 P. M. |
| 5.10 " " | 5.30 " " |

A. C. L. Depot Car (Without change).

| Leave Front and Princess | Leave A. C. L. Depot |
|---|---|
| 10.00 A. M. | 10.10 A. M. |
| 5.40 P. M. | 6.00 P. M. |

S. A. L. Car (Without change.)

| Leave Front and Princess | Leave S. A. L. Depot |
|---|---|
| 12.25 P. M. | 12.45 P. M. |
| 5.35 P. M. | 5.50 P. M. |
| 11.15 P. M. | 11.30 P. M. |

**FREIGHT SCHEDULE.**

Daily except Sunday.

| Leave 9th and Orange | Leave the Beach |
|---|---|
| 3.00 P. M. | 4.30 P. M. |


# Nitrate Soda.

60,000 POUNDS

# Nitrate Soda

2¼ cents pound.

**Due Wednesday, March 8th.**

Order quick.

**W. B. COOPER,**

Importer,

mar 4 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**DEPOSITS**

Made with us on or before March first will draw interest from that date at 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly.

**Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.**

Matt J. Heyer, President. B H J. Ahrens, Vice President. Milton Calder, Cashier.

mar 1 tf

**WANTED.**

HIDES AND FURS OF ALL KINDS.

Highest Market Prices Paid.

**SAM'L BEAR, SR., & SONS,**

nov 27 tf 18 Market St.

**A Delightful Pleasure.**

Nothing pleases a man more than a good clean shave. We give the cleanest shave obtainable, not only in point of keen razors, but as to real cleanliness. We use a clean towel for each man and everything else is thoroughly antiseptic

QUION & DAVIS, Ultimax Barber Shop, 7 North Front street.

feb 25 1y

# Seed Potatoes!

Various kinds.

**WHITE BLISS,**

**ROSE, BEAUTY,**

**HOULTON ROSE,**

**BOVEE.**

Make your orders for shipment when ready.

This will be genuine Maine grown Seed and prices will be low.

We will be glad to quote.

**THE WORTH CO.,**

Wilmington, N. C.

Jan 10'07

# ATLANTIC COAST LINE.


Schedule in Effect Dec. 1, 1904.

NORTHBOUND.

| | No 43 | No 41 |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Wilmington | 9 15 a m | 6 50 p m |
| Ar Goldsboro | 12 08 p m | 9 32 p m |
| Ar Wilson | 1 18 p m | 10 36 p m |
| Ar Rocky Mount | 1 55 p m | 11 16 p m |
| Ar Norfolk | 5 55 p m | |
| Ar Weldon | 4 58 p m | 1 47 a m |
| Ar Petersburg | 6 05 p m | 2 52 a m |
| Ar Richmond | 7 45 p m | 4 27 a m |
| Ar Washington | 11 50 p m | 7 54 a m |
| Ar Baltimore | 1 43 a m | 9 00 a m |
| Ar Philadelphia | 4 05 a m | 11 02 a m |
| Ar New York | 7 30 a m | 2 00 p m |

SOUTHBOUND.

| | No 41 | No 49 |
|---|---|---|
| Lv New York | 7 25 a m | 1 25 p m |
| Ar Philadelphia | 11 56 a m | 12 01 a m |
| Ar Baltimore | 2 27 p m | 2 32 a m |
| Ar Washington | 3 21 p m | 3 45 a m |
| Ar Norfolk | | 9 00 a m |
| Ar Richmond | 7 15 p m | 8 35 a m |
| Ar Petersburg | 8 05 p m | 9 45 a m |
| Ar Weldon | 9 51 p m | 11 50 a m |
| Ar Rocky Mount | 10 41 p m | 1 05 p m |
| Ar Wilson | 11 23 p m | 2 00 p m |
| Ar Goldsboro | 6 48 a m | 3 10 p m |
| Ar Wilmington | 10 10 a m | 6 50 p m |

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND

| | *Daily. | Daily. | Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv Wilmington | 6 00 a m | 3 30 p m | 6 50 p m |
| Ar Florence | 9 35 a m | 7 30 p m | 9 35 a m |
| Ar Charleston | 1 10 p m | 11 25 p m | 6 45 a m |
| Ar Savannah | 6 45 p m | 1 50 a m | 9 45 a m |
| Ar Jacksonville | | 5 40 a m | 1 45 p m |
| Ar Tampa | | 7 30 p m | 10 35 p m |

NORTHBOUND.

| | *Daily. | Daily |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Tampa | 8 40 p m | 9 00 a m |
| Ar Jacksonville | 7 55 a m | 7 00 p m |
| Ar Savannah | 1 10 p m | 1 15 a m |
| Ar Charleston | 8 14 p m | 8 55 a m |
| Ar Florence | 7 59 p m | 9 35 a m |
| Ar Wilmington | 11 55 p m | 1 40 p m |

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

| | West Bound 1*Daily | East Bound Daily |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Wilmington | 9 10 a m | Ar 3 40 p m |
| Ar Fayetteville | 12 20 p m | Ar 6 55 p m |
| Ar Sanford | 1 55 p m | Lv 8 40 p m |

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN

| | North Bound Daily ex Sunday | South Bound |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Wilmington | 3 25 p m | Ar 12 30 p m |
| Ar Newbern | 5 40 p m | Lv 9 00 a m |

*Except Sunday.

Trains Nos. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Penna R. R. for all points east

W. J. CRAIG, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

H. M. Emerson, Traffic Manager. dtc 3 tf.


# Seaboard

Air Line Railway.

Direct line to principal cities North West and South.

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 8TH.

| Between Wilmington and New York. NORTHBOUND | No. 66 | No. 34 |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Wilmington | 4 35 a m | 3 00 p m |
| Leave Hamlet | 6 50 a m | 10 20 p m |
| " Southern Pines | 9 45 a m | 11 20 p m |
| " Raleigh | 11 40 a m | 1 05 a m |
| " Norfolk | 7 40 p m | 8 05 a m |
| Arrive Portsmouth | 5 30 p m | 8 30 a m |
| Leave Richmond | 4 55 p m | 6 25 a m |
| " Washington | 8 36 p m | 9 59 a m |
| " Baltimore | 11 17 p m | 11 30 a m |
| " Philadelphia | 2 35 a m | 1 45 p m |
| Arrive New York | 6 30 a m | 4 15 p m |
| SOUTHBOUND. | No. 31 | No. 35 |
| Leave New York | 12 35 p m | 9 25 p m |
| " Philadelphia | 2 55 p m | 12 12a m |
| " Baltimore | 5 17 p m | 2 37 a m |
| " Washington | 6 55 p m | 4 20 a m |
| " Richmond | 11 00 p m | 9 10 a m |
| Leave Portsmouth | 9 30 p m | 6 25 a m |
| Leave Norlina | 1 35 a m | 1 40 p m |
| " Raleigh | 4 15 a m | 4 00 p m |
| " Southern Pines | 6 20 a m | 6 16 p m |
| " Hamlet | 8 40 a m | 7 50 p m |
| Arrive Wilmington | 12 45 p m | 11 50 p m |
| Between Wilmington and Atlanta. SOUTHBOUND | | No. 41 |
| Leave Wilmington | | 3 00 p m |
| Leave Hamlet | | 10 10 p m |
| Arrive Athens | | 6 05 a m |
| Arrive Atlanta | | 7 40 a m |
| NORTHBOUND | No. 38 | |
| Leave Atlanta | 8 00 p m | |
| " Athens | 11 23 p m | |
| " Hamlet | 8 40 a m | |
| Arrive Wilmington | 12 45 p m | |

Through Pullman Sleepers on all trains. Call No. 3 or address for any information.

E. S. WILLIAMSON, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

C. H. GATTIS, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

feb 21 tf

# The Clyde Steamship Co

**New York,**

**Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines**

From New York for Wilmington.

NAVAHOE.....Saturday, Feb. 25
CARIB.....Saturday, March 4

From Wilmington for New York.

CARIB.....Saturday, Feb. 25
NAVAHOE.....Saturday, Mar. 4

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

CARIB.....Tuesday, Feb. 21
NAVAHOE.....Tuesday, Mar. 28

Both Steamers have good passenger accommodation.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.

CLYDE MILES, Gen'l Freight Agent.
PEND. G. CLYDE, Gen'l Manager.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., Gen'l Agents. 19 Stone Street, New York.

feb 19 tf

# The Morning Star

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 5.


### JAPANESE VICTORIOUS.

**Kuropatkin Has Been Routed—His Left Wing Cut Off.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, March 4.—A dispatch to the Tageblatt from St. Petersburg says:

"General Kuropatkin in a telegram which arrived here at 7 o'clock last evening said 260,000 Japanese had broken through the Russian left wing and that it was cut off from the remainder of the army."

At 10 o'clock came another dispatch from Gen. Kuropatkin which read: "The Japanese are marching on Mukden. My position is extremely dangerous." In government circles here to-day there is a conviction that Gen. Kuropatkin has been fully beaten, that part of his army has been dispersed and that the railroad north of Mukden will probably be cut.

NEW CHANG, March 4, 7 P. M., via Tien Tsin.—According to the latest reports received here, the Russians are burning Mukden station and their stores preparatory to a retreat. There are persistent reports that the Russian left has been successful but that their right is panic-stricken.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 4.—The battle raging at the front has assumed enormous proportions. Already one of the Associated Press Russian correspondents places the Russian losses at 30,000 men and those of the Japanese at 40,000. It is added that the attempt to draw a net around General Kuropatkin has not yet succeeded but it is said that the Japanese from Simmintin are attempting by forced marches to cut the Russian line of communications

### MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

**Widow of Confederate President Replies to General Miles.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 4.—Mrs. Jefferson Davis has written the following to the Savannah Press:

"NEW YORK, March 2, 1905.

"Editor of the Savannah Press:

"Sir: Whilst I still have no recollection of having written to General Miles, the letter which he quotes not only fails to support his previous statement in the slightest particulars, but, as its date shows, must have been written from the prison ship in Hampton Roads and when of necessity I was ignorant of what was being done with Mr. Davis, who had then been only four days in the custody of Gen. Miles. If the letter was written, subsequent events have revealed the fact that at that moment, when an agonized wife was thanking him for his apparent courtesy in answering anxious inquiries in regard to her imprisoned husband, and was commending him to the kind care of his custodian, this man by his own showing was contemplating the immediate subjection of his helpless prisoner to the grossest maltreatment. If the letter be as Gen. Miles quotes it, it only serves to put in a clearer light, if possible, his continued infraction of the most obvious rules of veracity.

"V. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

BOSTON, MASS., March 4—The letter of Mrs. Jefferson Davis to the Savannah Press was shown to Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles by a representative of the Associated Press. After reading the letter carefully General Miles said: "I will not reply to an insolent letter of that kind." Asked whether he would comment on the matter later, ke said that he would not commit himself as to any possible future action, but he added emphatically: "The letter does not deserve a reply."

### BANK ROBBERY IN GEORGIA.

**Vault Blown Open and Outlaws Escaped With $4,000.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FLOVILLA, GA., March 4.—Some time last night professional cracksmen entered the Bank of Flovilla and wrecked the vault with an explosive, making an easy haul and escaping with $4,000 in cash. The bank officials have little or no clue as to who the robbers were, but it is understood that detectives will be on close track within the next six hours. The robbers used nitro-glycerine and completely wrecked the banking offices. The bank is insured against the loss and the State Banking Association is pushing the search for the robbers.

### NEW YORK BANKS.

**Statement of Clearing House Averages for the Past Week.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week shows: Loans $1,134,425,800, increase $18,148,900; deposits $1,189,970,000, increase $10,145,100; circulation $42,851,300, increase $21,500; legal tenders $86,383,800, decrease $178,100; specie $319,638,400, decrease $3,543,000; reserve required $297,492,500 increase $2,536,275; surplus $8,389,700, decrease $6,256,375; ex-United States deposits $13,368,900, decrease $6,367,525.

Fire last night in Brookland, a suburb of Columbia, S. C., across the Congaree river, destroyed property to the value of $50,000, principally houses of Columbia Duck Mills' operatives. The insurance cannot yet be estimated but it is small.

Nan Patterson, the New York show girl, must be given another trail by May 1 or be released on bail. A decision to that effect was given yesterday by justice Gaynor. Subsequently Assistant District Attorney Kand said she would be tried early in April.

**Incredible Brutality.**

It would have been incredible brutality if Chas. F. Lemberger, of Syracuse, N. Y., had not done the best he could for his suffering son. "My boy," he says, "cut a fearful gash over his eye; so I applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which quickly healed it and saved his eye." Is good for burns and ulcers, too. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.


CASTORIA

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## THE 58TH CONGRESS COMPLETES ITS TERM.

**Appropriations Amount to $818,000,000 Against $781,000,000 Last Year—Loving Cups Presented.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The 58th Congress came to an end at noon today. As all important legislation had been completed last night, there was little save formal business to be transacted during the two hours that both houses were in session. The presiding officers announced their signatures to the bills which had passed and these were hurried to the President. When signed by him they were returned to the houses in which they had originated, thus completing the formalities necessary to make them laws.

Only one bill which passed both houses and was presented to the President, failed to receive his signature This bill amended the present anti-smoke law of the District of Columbia, and intended to be less severe upon those who have not complied with the present law in abolishing smoking chimneys.

The closing ceremonies in the Senate were of more than ordinary interest, because the end of Fifty-eighth Congress was merged into the special session of the Fifty ninth Congress and Vice-President Fairbanks was inducted into office.

Other formalities in the Senate included the usual resolution of thanks to President Pro Tem Frye and a feeling response by that official.

In the House one legislative act was performed by the passage of a bill, but the session for the most part was devoted to the congratulatory ceremonies usual to the close of a Congress. Speaker Cannon was not only thanked by a unanimous vote of the House, but was presented with a loving cup by the members. Representative Williams, of Mississippi, the leader of the minority, was given a like compliment by his associates.

The presentation during what Mr. Payne, of New York, announced would be a joint caucus, Mr. Hepburn made a facetious address and Mr. Hay, of Virginia, chairman of the regular Democratic caucus, then took the chair and spoke in a humorous vein. The occasion, he said, was the most unique in the political history of the country. He did not believe, he said, that there had ever been a joint caucus of that character before.

The presentation speech was made by Mr. Boutell who was followed by Mr. Williams, of Mississippi. Speaker Cannon, in response, said in part: "The men who compose the national House of Representatives with their warrant of attorney from a great people have no superiors. They are all equals. I am proud that I am one of you. I am more gratified to receive this gift than words will express. I receive it as a token of your respect for me as one of you."

When the enthusiasm had subsided Mr. Clark, of Missouri, produced a second demonstration by presenting John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, the minority leader, with a loving cup, the gift of his Democratic colleagues. His remarks were expressive of the esteem in which Mr. Williams is held. When Mr. Williams arose to respond he was accorded the same spontaneous and general applause given to the Speaker.

He said in part: "I have felt at times the burden of apprehended, ever approaching failure in attending to the duties which you have laid upon me. I will, therefore, only say now that it affords me and will afford me hereafter unceasing pleasure to know that you are pleased to say that I have measurably well succeeded."

The Speaker made a number of appointments, including Jones, of Virginia, as visitor to the naval academy; Bartlett, of Georgia to the temporary committee on accounts; Griggs, of Georgia, on the commission to examine into the public printing. On the committee to attend Lewis and Clark exposition were appointed Bartlett, of Georgia; Legare, of South Carolina, and Small, of North Carolina.

The House at 11:55 adjourned sine die.

Statements were made by Senator Allison and Representative Hemenway, chairman of the appropriation committee of their respective Houses, giving the approximate amount of the appropriations during this session and indicating the financial condition of the country.

Chairman Hemenway said that if there were no additional expenditures there would be a surplus at the close of the next fiscal year of $38,542,410. "It now looks clear beyond question," he said amid loud Republican applause, "that there will be no deficit."

Senator Allison said the approximate amount appropriated this session was $818,000,000 as against $781,000,000 last year. The estimated revenues for the next year were $726,000,000. Mr. Allison expressed the opinion that the deficit for the fiscal year beginning next July would be no greater than that for the year which will end on that date.

The Senate at 12:05 adjourned until Monday.

### WARM WIRELETS.

J. P. Baupry, of Lynn, Mass., an enlisted seaman on the armored cruiser West Virginia, was arrested at Newport News, yesterday on the charge of robbing the mails of registered packages while driver of a mail wagon at Lynn, Mass. To avoid prosecution he fled and enlisted in the navy. The post office inspectors have chased him for 30,000 miles.

Gaynor and Greene were arrested in Quebec, Canada, yesterday for the purpose of being taken to Montreal to complete extradition proceedings. They are wanted by the United States authorities in connection with the Savannah river contract. The arrests were made on a new warrant based on old information and the judgment of the privy council. The prisoners went to Quebec yesterday after noon accompanied by Mr. Taschereau, their conunsel.

Rufus E. Bass, mail clerk, was instantly killed; George Carter, engineer, subsequently died of his injuries, and Howard Smith, colored fireman, was fatally injured in a wreck on the S. A. L., near Saunderson, Fla., yesterday morning, caused by an open switch into which a passenger train dashed into a freight on the siding. Both engines and mail cars were demolished. The dead mail clerk was in the battle of San Juan hill during the Spanish American war.

The New Orleans convention plan for reducing cotton acreage and fertilizer this year has received the official sanction of Acting Governor Cunningham, of Alabama, who requested Judge J. M. Carmichael, president of the State board of convict inspectors, to make these curtailments in the cultivation of the State farms. The convict farms last year raised about 200 bales of cotton. The State is spinning this cotton now in the convict mill at Speigner, which has been in operation a few weeks.

Apricot Brandy way down on Nixon street. See Neill Gallagher.

## INAUGURATION OF REGAL SPLENDOR.

**President Roosevelt Goes Into Office Amid the Acclaim of Thousands.**

**A MAGNIFICENT PAGEANT.**

**Immense Throng Witnessed the President Take the Oath—Most August Inauguration in History of Republic. Vice President Takes Oath.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The most brilliant and imposing inauguration which the citizens of Washington have ever prepared has passed into the history of the republic. Theodore Roosevelt did not ride to the Capital, hitch his horse to a shade tree, enter the building and take the oath of office, booted and spurred. The traditional Jeffersonian simplicity was replaced by a pageant which has not been surpassed in the annals of the nation.

For a week the District of Columbia has been the host of the Union. Term after Presidential term, without regard to party, all united with enthusiasm in preparing an inauguration that shall fittingly show forth the national respect for the executive office. For the unparalleled demonstration of today the sole credit is due to these citizens, the officials of the war and navy departments, and the officers of the army and navy.

It is a mistaken idea that Congress has much to do with the wonderful displays with which the District of Columbia welcomes each successive President, be he Democratic or Republican. The citizens provide and do all their work. With to-day's demonstration it had less to do than ever, and as a consequence the citizens had a greater task than ever. But all obstacles were overcome under the unrivalled management of Gen. John M. Wilson, of the army, chairman of the inaugural committee. He was ably assisted by his vice chairman, George Truesdell and Commissioner West, and the inaugural committee of 75 citizens, by Lieut. Gen. Chaffee at the head of its military affairs, and C. C Glover, responsible for its finances. These perfected and carried through an inauguration which for variety of detail, completeness of every part, and splendor of the whole stands without rival among its notable predecessors.

It was the first national inauguration since the Civil War. The South sent up its warriors and its State officials. Men who fought each other for years under different flags; men who fought together in the war with Spain under the one flag; executive officers of the States who upheld the stars and bars, and those who stood for the flag of the Union, marched together in review before their common President, a soldier of the republic. With these, marching representatives from the Philippines and Porto Rico, lands where the sunset, fading from the flag in the far Pacific, is the sunrise on its folds along the Atlantic horizon.

Throughout the week Washington has been the Jerusalem to the nation from all its borders. To-day fully 300,000 visitors have gazed with wonder and unbounded enthusiasm at the District's handiwork for honoring its President in all its multitudinous forms and large proportions, as it was successively unfolded during the day and the time. The city was a garden blossoming with flags. For a week ever advancing were colors sweeping through all its streets. Not only was he line of march artistically decorated to a degree never before attained, but no street in the city was without its national colors. Acting under a suggestion from the inaugural committee, the board of education had requested its 50,000 school children to see that each one of their homes displayed the flag. It was a request responded to by an army of children. This apotheosis of the colors was one of the most striking elements of a gigantic scheme for expressing the national respect for a President.

The committee on street decorations, parks and reviewing stands worked together with artistic taste and transformed two miles and a half of the city's noted avenue into a fitting highway for the nation in its countless representative bodies to march as an escort to its President. Every square yard that was not black with people banked high from the pavement, crowding all windows, and fringing all roofs, was brilliant with the national colors. It was not a hap hazard hanging of banners, but under the direction and advice of a competent committee the best effects were produced. The light and airy stands conforming everywhere to elementary architectural rules as to construction, painting and decorations supplanted the huge and unsightly lumber piles which were formerly tolerated as outlooks for the crowds. For this the public owes John B. Larner thanks. The scene by day was magnificent; by night, under the committee's scheme of illumination, the tremendous crowds wandered in fairy land.

Heretofore the decorations of the avenue have been chiefly flags, streamers and bunting. To these today were added palms of large growth and in endless abundance, by carloads from the South, and shiploads from Porto Rico. The President's reviewing stand, in front of the White House, was the center of the court of history, which extended two long blocks from Fifteenth street. Along each side of the avenue were noted historical figures in great numbers, from the St. Louis Exposition.

This triumphal pathway, along which the kings of the earth might have deemed it an honor to be conducted, was cleared and closed to cars and vehicles at an early hour. The police management was perfect—such as was shown has long been the custom under the able management of Major Sylvester, its chief of metropolitan police. It was a rural highway upon which the President early entered and proceeded to the capitol to sign such bills as Congress might pass in its closing hours.

General Chaffee had provided a well ordered and perfect cavalry escort which could have rapidly passed over the line and made possible the prompt reopening of the streets to the car lines and the public in order that the residents in the suburbs and the greater portions of the city might reach the centers of interest with the least delay. But the Grand Army, as is its habit, insisted on acting with this escort, and the President, sharing the universal appreciation of its past deeds, yielded, and his rate of progress to the capitol was reduced to the pathetic pace of men who were fast approaching the scripture limit of life. But the delay had its compensations. Many thousands had opportunity to see and greet the President, as his cortege slowly passed along the two miles from the White House to capitol hill.

With the appearance of the President from the Senate chamber the shouting began, swelling into a roar like Niagara rising to cyclonic effects and continuing while the Senate and members of the House, the Cabinet, the Supreme court, the heads of the army and navy, ambassadors and ministers, representatives of every subordinate branch of the government and a great company of guests filed out of the Senate doors, and filled the immense platform.

At length all was ready for the crowning ceremony. The sea of humanity was stilled. The President advanced to take the oath of office. With his hand upon the Bible held by the chief justice, he reverently repeated the oath, kissed the book at the end, and Theodore Roosevelt a soldier of the republic, became president by the votes of the people, following the unbroken line of soldier Presidents which his party has installed since the close of the Civil War. He then delivered his inaugural, which surprised his hearers by its brevity. As the ceremony closed he was again greeted by the roaring cheers of the immense throng. Accompanied by his escort and followed by the troops and civilian paraders he started for the White House.

It was the most perfect column that ever marched in an inaugural parade, though its numbers were less. General Chaffee had insisted that a brigade of the National Guard from each State should be the maximum representation. This obviated the imposing, but wearisome and finally monotonous sight when parading twelve thousand finely equipped State troops marched in the Mc Kinley inaugural. Everywhere, as the column passed, the skill of Gen. Chaffee's supervision, aided by his chief of staff, Gen. John H. Johnson, was apparent to every practiced eye. Nothing was left to chance. The regulars, the national guard and the civic grand division had their orders of formation for each unit of the column, and conformed to them.

Never has there been so perfect a regular army column in any previous national pageant. Cavalry, infantry, artillery, engineers, marines, seamen and, properly classed with all these, the Annapolis and West Point cadets, thrilled all beholders with this exponent of the perfection of our military arrangement.

The national guards of States and those of the District showed the marked improvement which the practical encampments and manœuvres, supervised by regular officers, have accomplished by the abolition of the former military picnics.

While the whole military column was a marvel and a delight by the continuing tornado of cheers where it passed, those were elements of special interest. The Ninth Cavalry, that splendid colored regiment, the heroes of many Indian battles and known to fame at San Juan Hill, received the attention they so well merited. The crowds went wild over the section of Rough Riders, which participated with the President in the wildness of the rush and the joy of the victory at Santiago. It is not strange that there were soldiers' tears in a soldier's eyes as he bowed to the salutes of his comrades in war.

The scouts from the Philippines and the Porto Rico battalion excited intense interest and they will never forget their welcome.

**AUGUST SPECTACLE.**

WASHINGTON, March 4.—President Roosevelt took to-day the oath of office before a vast gathering of the people whom he was elected to serve. The attendant scenes were not unusual. Inaugurations from the time the east front of the capitol first became the setting for the ceremony have been much the same. Many of the central figures have officiated in like capacity on other occasions when Presidents have acceded to the highest office in the gift of the American people. Chief Justice Fuller, in administering the oath, repeated a solemn function he has performed four times—to-day his last. Yet, with all this repetition, nothing was jaded and everything appeared new.

The great crowd, assembled for the crowning event of a day full of features, cannot be estimated even by comparison. It extended far beyond the reach of the voice and was so densely packed as to carry the stage out of the sight of many. The capitol plaza, resourceful, accommodating the thousands eager to view the ceremony, was completely filled. People came by its numerous streets and avenues, which, like so many yawning, ravenous maws, greedily swallowed the throng until every colgn of vantage was occupied. The trees, barren of foliage, carried their human burdens on limbs capable of bearing the weight of man or boy, and so far away as the terraces and marble steps of the Library of Congress thousands stood.

Hours before the ceremony could be expected to take place the people sought the most advantageous positions. They came by every means of conveyance, carriages discharging their occupants blocks away, and cars in steady stream unloading their passengers within the prescribed area from which the unlicensed vehicles were excluded. The number of conveyances of all kinds was totally inadequate to meet the demands of the public.

The scene was one of remarkable animation. Those who sought places maintained a running fire of raillery and pushed and jostled each other, the sound of their voices mingling with the shuffling of feet on the asphalted plaza. It was a cosmopolitan public, varied and inclusive, taking in those who from force of circumstances and lack of opportunity were unable to gain desirable places to view the grand procession that was to follow.

Although the ceremony differed little from those that have preceded it, in the great sea of spectators probably there was a larger number of representative Americans than any inauguration has brought to Washington. The Eastern States were rivaled in point of attendance by reason of President Roosevelt's great popularity in the middle and far West. Delegations were present from every one of the insular possessions. Many of them had never seen the capitol and, to a large number, the inauguration of a president was wholly strange.

During the hours intervening between the gathering of the crowd and the ceremony there was no letting down of the tension of interest. The passing of a uniformed horseman was sufficient to call forth cheers, although in some sections the multitude showed signs of restlessness. This was true particularly on the outskirts of the throng where, pressed by constantly arriving recruits, many struggled to get nearer to the point of interest. The effect upon the densely packed multitude was a continuous surging backward and forward—a turbulent sea of humanity.

The rendezvousing of the troops, committees and civic societies, entertained the crowd throughout the long wait incident to the schedule. The various organizations arriving by different routes passed into the narrow defiles which the police kept open, the brilliant uniforms of the troops, the bright sashes of the committees and the rich caparisoning of the horses lending themselves to a kaleidoscopic, panoramic effect. Cheers upon cheers greeted the constantly shifting picture.

As rapidly as the troops arrived they took the positions assigned them. The military escort streiched far to the left and consisted of all branches of the services—horse, foot and artillery. To the right were grouped division after diverson of State troops and in different places of honor the other organizations took their stand to await the signal to move. The tramping of feet, galloping of of horses, the hoarse orders from chiefs and marshals, the rattle of accoutrements and occasional bugle calls contributed to a pandemonium of sound to which the public is unaccustomed at such close range.

The movements of the gathering troops and organizations were not all the crowd had for its entertainment. Directly in its front preparations were in progress for the inauguration itself. A monster stand in the form of an open amphitheatre had been erected on a line with the rotunda of the capitol, and there decorators were engaged in arranging for the ceremony and ushers busied themselves learning the sections to be assigned to the various officials and distinguished guests.

The stand itself was of symetrical architectural proportions, on a different plan from those used in former years. For this occasion it has been built in the form of a semi circle inclining to a level platform, on which was placed a pavilion for the President's personal use. The amphitheatre accommodated nearly 7,000 persons. Jetting out from the main entrance the platform, with its decorations of flags, bunting, palms and flowers, was in brilliant contrast to the naked purity of the stately capitol, on which, by act of Congress, no decorative draping is permitted.

Sometime before the beginning of the inaugural ceremony, several thousand persons holding tickets entitling them to seats on the stand began to take their places. By 12 o'clock, the human garden, which had flourished in the Senate and House galleries, was transplanted to the open air amphitheatre. The brilliant costumes of the women gave to the scene the finishing touch of color. Added to the acre of people seated, who looked down upon ten acres standing, were hundreds banked upon every projecting ledge of the capitol and filling the windows.

At about 1 o'clock the official party came through the main door. Cheers were sent up from the enthusiastic multitude, all eyes were directed that way and strained to get the first glimpse of the President. Shouts of "There he is," were heard frequently, but in nearly every instance the cry was sounded in false a arm. The official entrance was dramatic. All except those who were participating in the ceremony were seated. When the justices of the Supreme Court, with the exception of Chief Justice Fuller, emerged from between the Corinthian pillars and marched down the sloping carpeted aisle to their station, they were greeted with applause. The justices wore their robes and skull-caps. Then came the members of the diplomatic corps in their gorgeous uniforms and they evoked thunderous applause. Led by Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador and dean of the corps, and followed by the others in order of precedence, they took seats on the right of the stand. Strolling in after them came members of the cabinet, Senators and Representatives in Congress.

Throughout this scene the demeanor of the multitude was that of interested expectancy. The enticing prospect of seeing gorgeous and stately pageants in review detracted in no manner from the keen interest in the less brilliant programme in immediate prospect. The attraction responsible for the assembly of so vast a throng was demonstrated by the tremendous burst of applause which heralded the President's approach.

Taking as a signal the arrival of Mrs. Roosevelt and a party of friends, and a moment later of Vice President Fairbanks and his escort, the applause subaded to await the coming of the man of the hour. Suddenly the crowd on the stand began to cheer. This was taken up by those immediately in front of the platform. The military presented arms, the committees uncovered, and soon the greatsea of people was waving hats and flags and shouting itself hoarse.

President Roosevelt came forth from between the massive pillars quietly and composedly. He was escorted by Chief Justice Fuller. With measured tread in harmony with the dignified step of the chief justice, the President advanced in state down the long aisle of distinguished guests. By this time all were standing and nothing could be heard above the roar of thunderous welcome. Immediately following came, arm in arm, the members of the committee on arrangements. As the president passed down the aisle he bared his head and with characteristic sweep of his hat bowed in acknowledgement of the salutations from the stand and the ovation from the people. His manner was not that of a man incurring onerous responsibilities, three years in the white house having familiarized him with the duties of the high office to which he was to be inaugurated. While he waited for the applause to die out he stood in triumph, with no show of vanity, with no evidence of political enmity, apparently no memories of the campaign gone by, and nothing more disconcerting than a huge gathering of loyal Americans.

At a sign from Chief Justice Fuller the clerk of the Supreme Court stepped forward, holding a Bible. A hush fell over the crowd. The President raised his right hand and the oath to support the laws and constitution of the United States was reverently taken amid deep silence. When this had been concluded there was practically no demonstration and the President began his inaugural address. As soon as he finished speaking he reentered the capitol and as he disappeared within the building a signal was flashed to the navy yard and the roar of twenty-one guns was begun in official salute to the President.

**VICE PRESIDENT SWORN IN.**

In the presence of as many of his fellow citizens as could be crowded into the Senate chamber, Charles Warren Fairbanks was at high noon to-day inducted into the office of Vice President of the United States. The ceremony was quickly followed by the final adjournment of the Senate of the 58th Congress, the beginning of a special session, an address by the Vice President and the swearing into office of almost a third of the membership of the Senate. All these official acts took place in the chamber just before the inauguration of the President and were in reality, while themselves of great import, the prelude of the more important event. The installation of the new Vice President was severely simple, and as brief as simple. It consisted of a promise, solemnly made with uplifted hand and bowed head, to perform the duties of the office and to support and defend the Constitution of the United States This was the oath of office, and it was administered by Senator Frye as president pro tempore of the Senate. The two officials stood confronting each other on the elevated platform on which rests the desk of the presiding officer of the Senate, practically on the same spot on which all the incoming Vice Presidents for the past fifty years have stood, and where a majority of American freeman have decreed that Mr. Fairbanks shall preside for the next four years to come. Plain and democratic though the ceremony was, it attracted to the Senate a gathering of notable people, many of them of such importance that, in accordance with time honored custom, their appearance was herald with pomp and platitude sufficient to atone for the simplicity of the official acts of the occasion, if not to quite overshadow them. These guests included the foremost representatives of the official life of the capitol city, foreign and domestic civil and military, and also many other persons of prominence from all parts of the country.

On the Senate floor, with his Cabinet were the President of the United States, himself to be inaugurated; the Diplomatic corps; the Supreme Court of the United States; the House of Representatives, the Admiral of the Navy, the Lieutenant General of the Army, the governors of states, and others distinguished by reason of position or achievement. These suffiled to tax the capacity of that part of the hall, and they were splendidly supplemented and surrounded by the attendance in the galleries, consisting in large part of the wives, relatives and friends of the men who occupied seats below, many of them as distinguished in private and social life as the others in the public service.

The section of the gallery usually devoted to the private use of Senators was to-day entirely surrendered to what may be called the Executive party, and was occupied by the families and immediate friends of the President and the Vice-President and of the members of the Supreme Court and the Cabinet. The front row of seats on one side of this section was filled by the members of the President's household, and the corresponding row on the other side by those of the Vice-President's, Mrs Roosevelt and the wife and mother of Vice-President Fairbanks being prominent among them.

As the distinguished arrivals were announced, gradually the hall was filled, and the scene had become more and more animated, until, for the last time in connection with the occasion, the doors were opened to admit a guest. He was the guest of guests—the President—the President and the President-elect, Theodore Roosevelt.

"The President and his Cabinet," proclaimed Sergeant-at-Arms Randall in well modulated phrase.

Again all were on their feet and again was attention sharply fixed. In the entire assemblage there were comparatively few who could not boast personal acquaintance with the Chief Executive, but this fact did not prevent a general craning of necks to observe him on this, the crowning occasion in his career. All eyes were turned up him as, accompanied by the Congressional Committee and the members of the official household, he walked down the centre aisle of the chamber in wake of the convoying Sergeant-at-arms, who placed him in a big red leather chair immediately in front of the presiding officer's desk, where, himself an interested spectator, and still flanked by the committee on arrangements, he sat facing the other spectators. He had gone directly to his seat, looking scarcely to the right or to the left, but evidently never unmindful of the splendid scene about him. He has once before been a participant in an inaugural ceremony, but then only as the recipient of second honors. He was there now as the head of the people of the nation, and by right of their choice. His manner was that of a man who appreciates responsibilities and at the same time feels capable of assuming them—self-conscious and self reliant, the object of all observation and alive to all surroundings.

Senator Faye does all things with promptness and decision. The two official time pieces were agreed in proclaiming the hour of 12, when according to the requirements made and provided, the 58 h Congress must come to a close, the 59th Congress be started on its career, and the new presiding officer introduced and installed. Mr Frye has already said farewell; the visitors were in their seats. Not a moment was lost. Rising in front of the slender but towering form of his successor, the President pro tempore repeated to him in the form of an official oath, the few impressive words which transformed the Indiana leader from the position of a Senator to that of Vice-President of the United States. Mr. Fairbanks delivered an address and had no difficulty of being heard. He spoke deliberately and distinctly, his voice, so well tried during the past campaign, easily reaching all.

The address received careful attention, and at its conclusion the Vice President instructed the secretary of the Senate to read the President's call for an extraordinary session of the Senate. The reading accomplished and the Senate of the 59th Congress thus installed, Dr. Edward Everett Hale, the venerable chaplain of the Senate, came forward and delivered the opening prayer of the first session.

The organization of the Senate was then completed by the swearing in of Senators elected to serve for the next six years. They appeared in platoons of four in alphabetical order at the desk of the Vice President, each being accompanied by his colleague. The oath was administered by Mr. Fairbanks, and in each case was immediately followed by signing the S-natroll of membership. This ceremon concluded the day's session and the Senate adjourned to the outside platform to witness with others the inauguration of President Roosevelt.

The President's inaugural address was delivered as follows:


[Concluded on Third Page.]



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